



## RSC Communicable and Respiratory Disease Report for England

### Key Statistics:

Week Number/Year.....	31/2024
Week Starting - Ending.....	29/07/2024 - 04/08/2024
No. of Practices.....	1,645
Population.....	17,059,955

### National (England)

- **Acute Respiratory Infections:** decreased from **194.2** in week 30 to **166.6** in week 31.
- **Influenza-like illness:** decreased from **2.0** in week 30 to **1.5** in week 31.
- **Exacerbations of Chronic Lung Disease:** decreased from **14.6** in week 30 to **12.8** in week 31.
- **Lower Respiratory Tract Infections:** decreased from **66.1** in week 30 to **57.7** in week 31.
- **Upper Respiratory Tract Infections:** decreased from **113.6** in week 30 to **97.6** in week 31.
- **COVID-19:** decreased from **8.9** in week 30 to **6.9** in week 31.

### Regional (North, South, London and Midlands and East)

- **Acute Respiratory Infections:** decreased from **148.7** in week 30 to **128.0** in week 31 in the London region, decreased from **240.2** in week 30 to **205.7** in week 31 in the North region, decreased from **175.8** in week 30 to **150.3** in week 31 in the South region, and decreased from **207.9** in week 30 to **180.0** in week 31 in the Midlands And East region.
- **Influenza-like illness:** decreased from **2.2** in week 30 to **1.7** in week 31 in the London region, decreased from **2.6** in week 30 to **1.9** in week 31 in the North region, decreased from **1.8** in week 30 to **1.2** in week 31 in the South region, and decreased from **1.5** in week 30 to **1.1** in week 31 in the Midlands And East region.
- **Exacerbations of Chronic Lung Disease:** decreased from **8.1** in week 30 to **7.5** in week 31 in the London region, decreased from **20.8** in week 30 to **19.0** in week 31 in the North region, decreased from **13.1** in week 30 to **11.2** in week 31 in the South region, and decreased from **15.2** in week 30 to **12.8** in week 31 in the Midlands And East region.
- **Lower Respiratory Tract Infections:** decreased from **40.7** in week 30 to **36.0** in week 31 in the London region, decreased from **88.0** in week 30 to **77.0** in week 31 in the North region, decreased from **60.0** in week 30 to **52.6** in week 31 in the South region, and decreased from **71.9** in week 30 to **62.1** in week 31 in the Midlands And East region.
- **Upper Respiratory Tract Infections:** decreased from **97.8** in week 30 to **82.8** in week 31 in the London region, decreased from **132.7** in week 30 to **114.3** in week 31 in the North region, decreased from **101.3** in week 30 to **87.7** in week 31 in the South region, and decreased from **123.5** in week 30 to **105.9** in week 31 in the Midlands And East region.
- **COVID-19:** decreased from **6.7** in week 30 to **5.3** in week 31 in the London region, decreased from **10.9** in week 30 to **7.9** in week 31 in the North region, decreased from **10.0** in week 30 to **7.4** in week 31 in the South region, and decreased from **7.1** in week 30 to **6.5** in week 31 in the Midlands And East region.

### Comment:

Overall rates of acute respiratory infections (ARI) have decreased in all regions and are around the seasonal average (page 6). Rates of influenza-like illness (ILI) have decreased as expected at this time of year during the school summer holiday season. Rates of COVID-19 have also decreased (page 5).

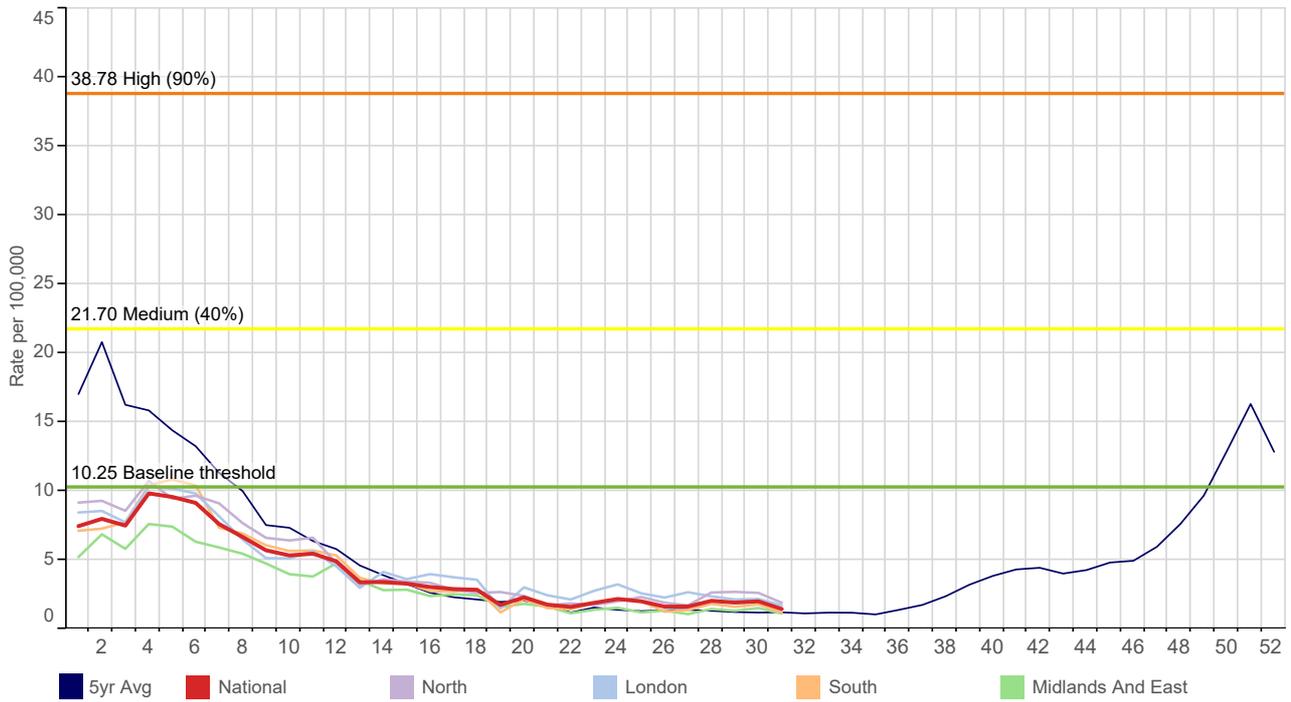
Hay fever/allergic rhinitis (page 13), measles and whooping cough (page 14), and scabies (page 15) are above their seasonal averages.

This report includes a respiratory virology update. SARS-CoV-2, is the predominant circulating virus detected by the UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA) Reference Virology Lab. Rates presented in this report are the number of new cases per 100,000 people by condition and region, with age-band also reported for acute respiratory infections (pages 3 to 11).

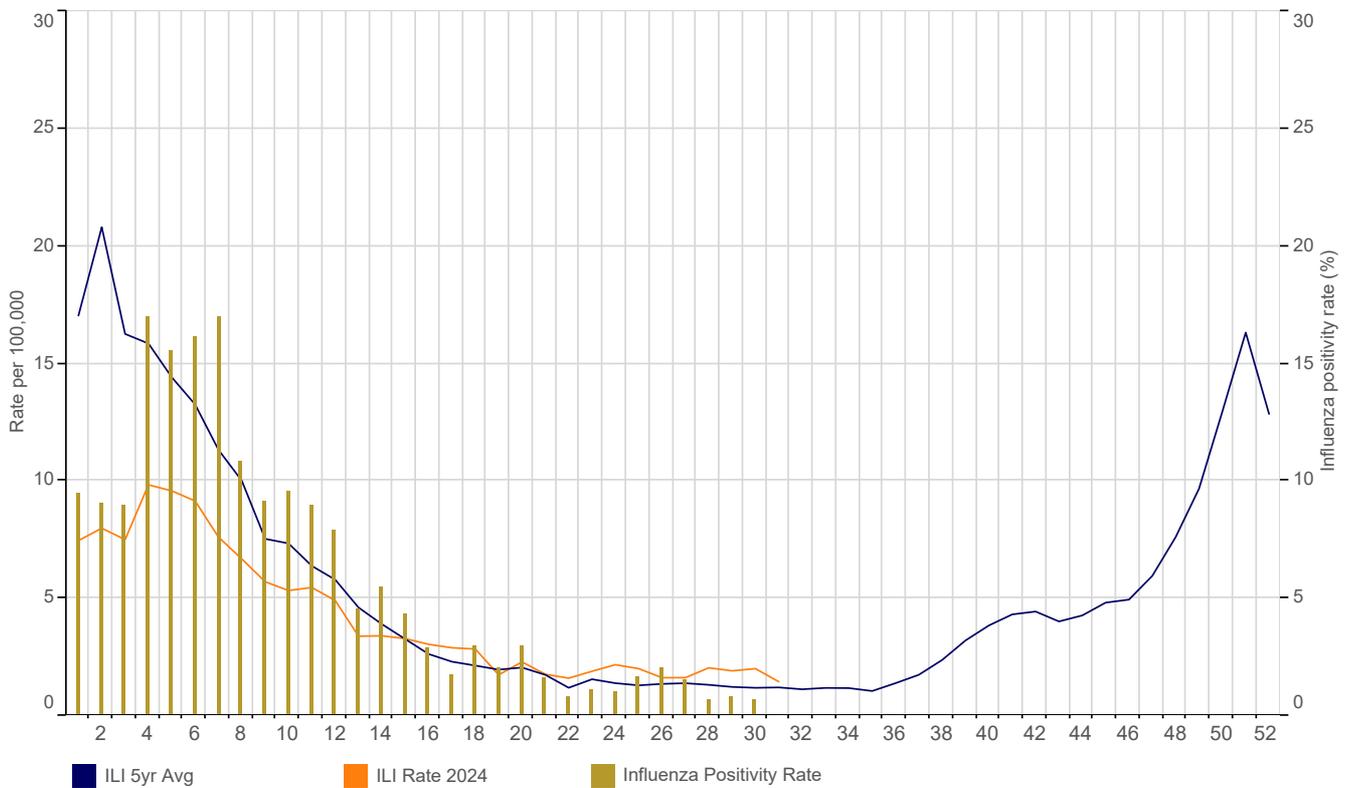
# 2024 Focus

Please see page 19 for explanatory notes on the data.

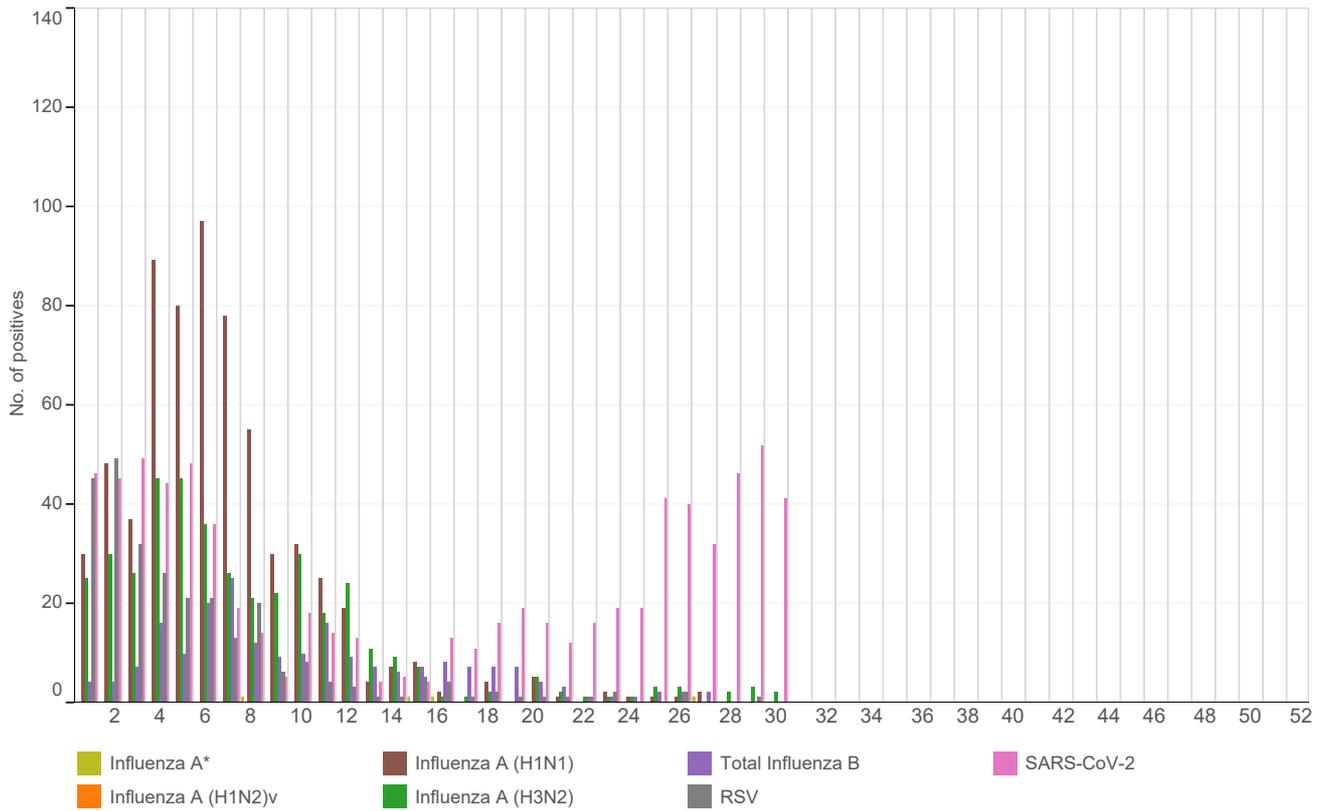
## (A) Influenza-like illness: national incidence rate 2024 by region



## (B) RCGP/UKHSA Influenza Virology Swab Surveillance 2024

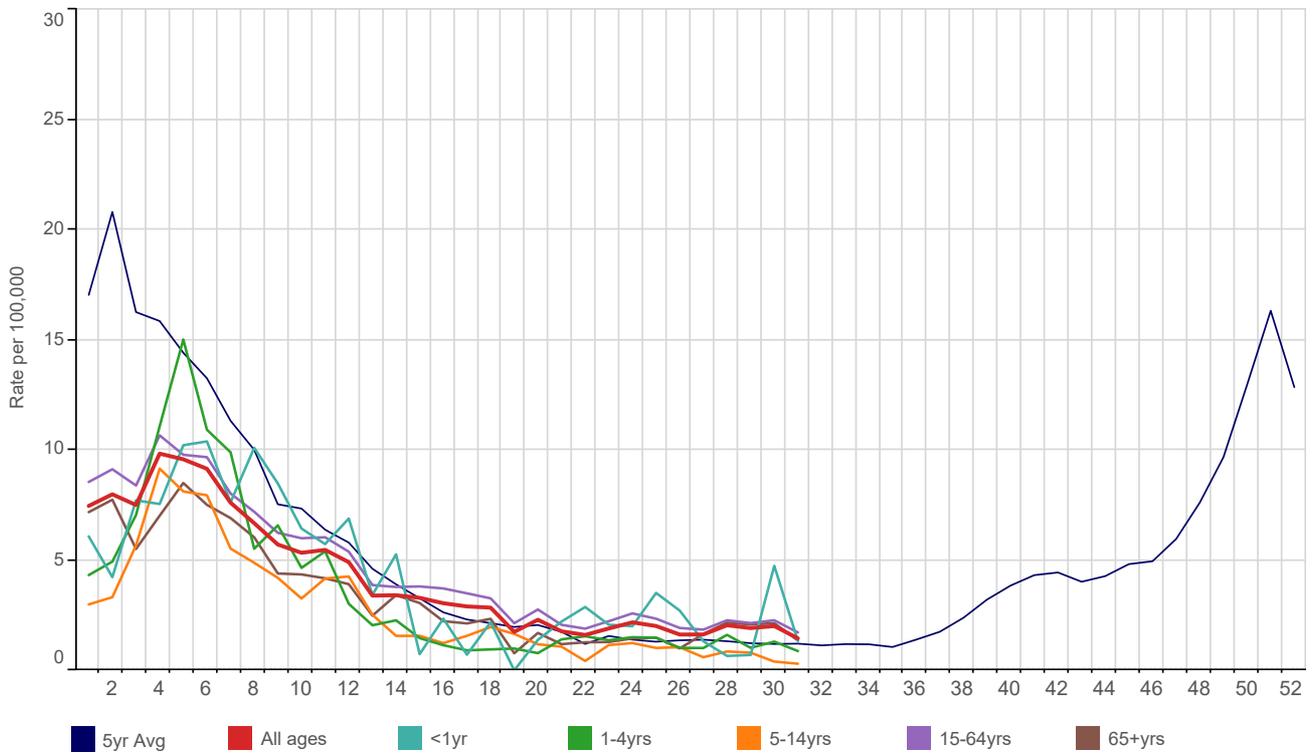


**(C) RCGP/UKHSA RSV, Influenza and SARS-CoV-2 Virology Swab Surveillance 2024 by viral strain**



The weekly virology samples displayed are offset from the ISO Week (Graph C).  
 \*No specified subtype, or coinfection with H1N1 and H3N2.

**(D) Influenza-like illness: national incidence rate 2024 by age band**



**(E) Influenza-like illness: national incidence rate 2024 by age band**

This table shows the level of intensity of ILI by age band. MEM thresholds have been calculated separately for each age band - the ranges are shown in the table Threshold levels by age band.

Table 1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
1-4yrs	4.3	4.9	7.1	11.1	15.0	10.9	9.9	5.5	6.6	4.7	5.4	3.0	2.0	2.3	1.5	1.1	0.9	0.9
5-14yrs	3.0	3.3	5.7	9.2	8.1	7.9	5.5	4.9	4.2	3.3	4.2	4.3	2.5	1.6	1.6	1.2	1.6	2.0
15-64yrs	8.6	9.1	8.4	10.7	9.8	9.7	8.0	7.2	6.2	6.0	6.0	5.4	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.7	3.5	3.3
65+yrs	7.2	7.7	5.5	7.0	8.5	7.5	6.9	6.0	4.4	4.4	4.2	3.9	2.5	3.4	3.1	2.2	2.1	2.3
All ages	7.5	8.0	7.5	9.8	9.6	9.1	7.6	6.7	5.7	5.3	5.5	4.9	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.0	2.9	2.8

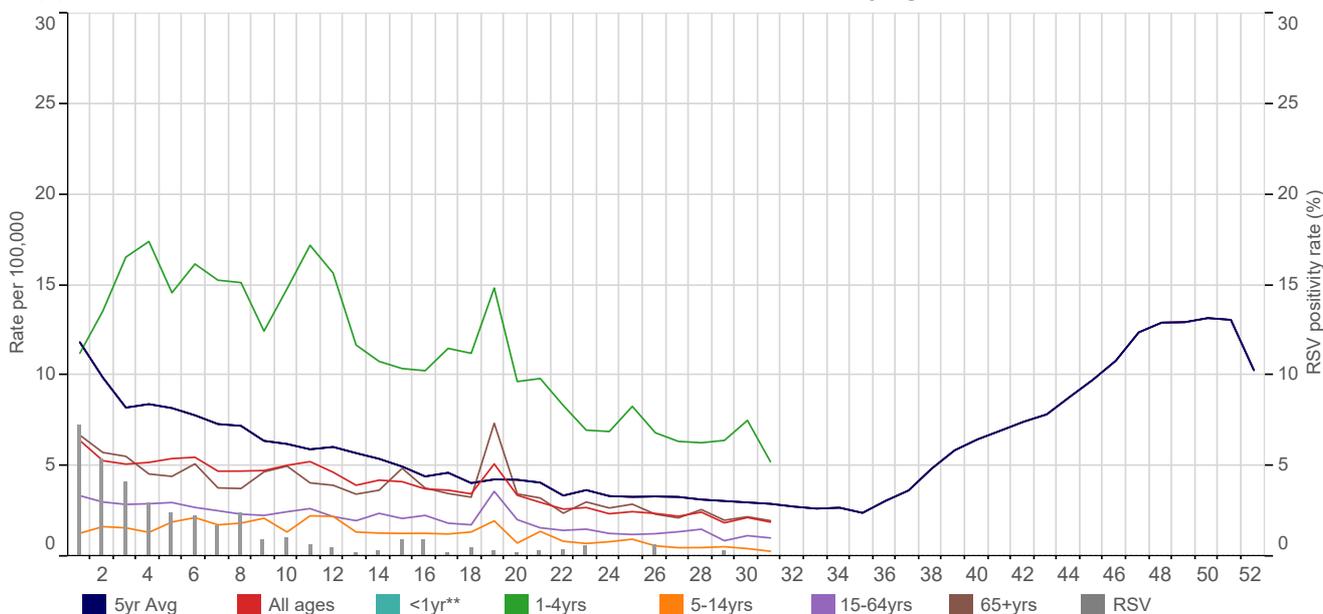
  

	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
1-4yrs	1.0	0.8	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.0	1.0	1.6	1.0	1.3	0.9					
5-14yrs	1.7	1.2	1.1	0.4	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.0	0.6	0.9	0.8	0.4	0.3					
15-64yrs	2.1	2.8	2.1	1.9	2.2	2.6	2.3	1.9	1.8	2.3	2.1	2.3	1.7					
65+yrs	0.8	1.7	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.0	1.6	2.2	2.1	2.1	1.4					
All ages	1.7	2.3	1.8	1.6	1.9	2.2	2.0	1.6	1.6	2.0	1.9	2.0	1.5					

Table 2	Below Threshold <sup>1</sup>	Threshold to Medium <sup>2</sup>	Medium to High <sup>3</sup>	High to Very High <sup>4</sup>	Above Very High <sup>5</sup>
1-4yrs	<8.05	8.05 to 15.57	15.58 to 23.50	23.51 to 28.19	28.20+
5-14yrs	<6.53	6.53 to 15.55	15.56 to 32.18	32.19 to 44.39	44.40+
15-64yrs	<12.23	12.23 to 24.53	24.54 to 45.08	45.09 to 58.99	59.00+
65+yrs	<9.62	9.62 to 16.69	16.70 to 35.98	35.99 to 50.52	50.53+
All Ages	<10.25	10.25 to 21.69	21.70 to 38.77	38.78 to 50.11	50.12+

**Threshold levels**  
<sup>1</sup>Below baseline threshold  
<sup>2</sup>baseline threshold breach to < 40th percentile  
<sup>3</sup>40th to <90th percentile  
<sup>4</sup>90th to <97.5th percentile  
<sup>5</sup>97.5th+ percentile

**(F) Acute Bronchitis and Bronchiolitis: national incidence rate 2024 by age band**

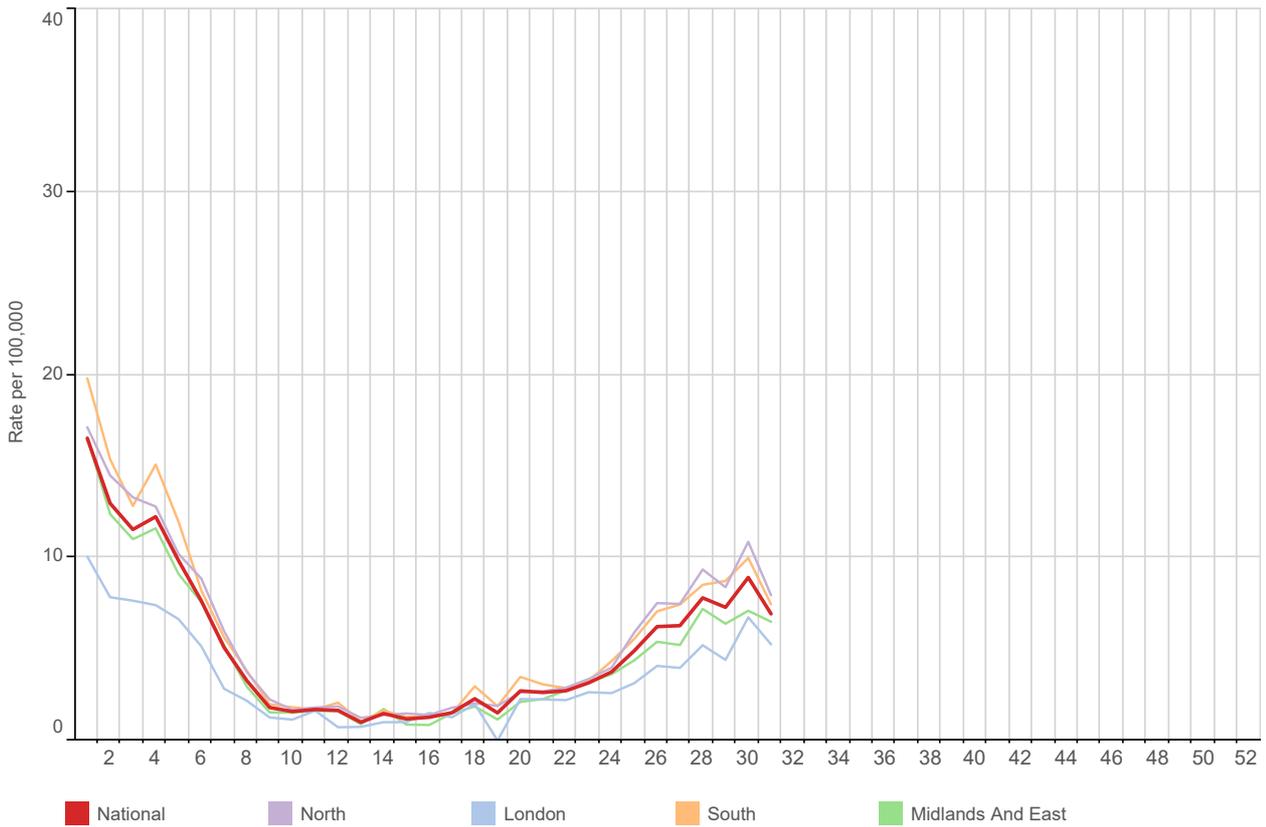


**Weekly Influenza-like illness and Acute Bronchitis and Bronchiolitis incidence rates per 100,000 persons**

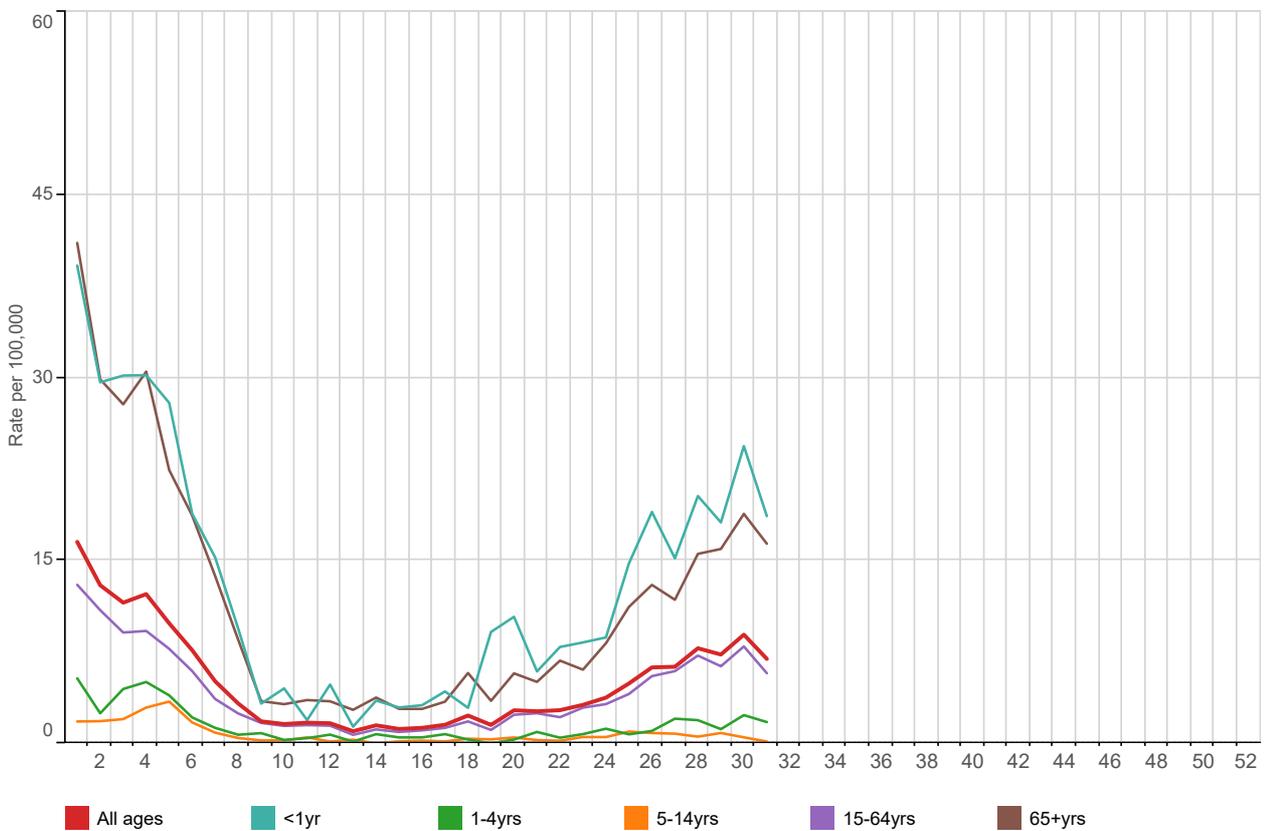
	Influenza-like illness	Acute Bronchitis and Bronchiolitis		Influenza-like illness	Acute Bronchitis and Bronchiolitis
<1yr	1.3	71.9	London	1.7	1.2
1-4yrs	0.9	5.2	North	1.9	2.4
5-14yrs	0.3	0.3	South	1.2	2.0
15-24yrs	1.2	0.6	Midlands And East	1.1	1.9
25-44yrs	1.8	0.8	National	1.5	1.9
45-64yrs	1.9	1.5			
65-74yrs	1.7	2.1			
75-84yrs	1.0	1.7			
85+yrs	1.0	2.4			
All ages	1.5	1.9			

\*\*The <1yr age band is not presented (Graph F).

**(G) COVID-19: national incidence rate 2024 by region**



**(H) COVID-19: national incidence rate 2024 by age band**

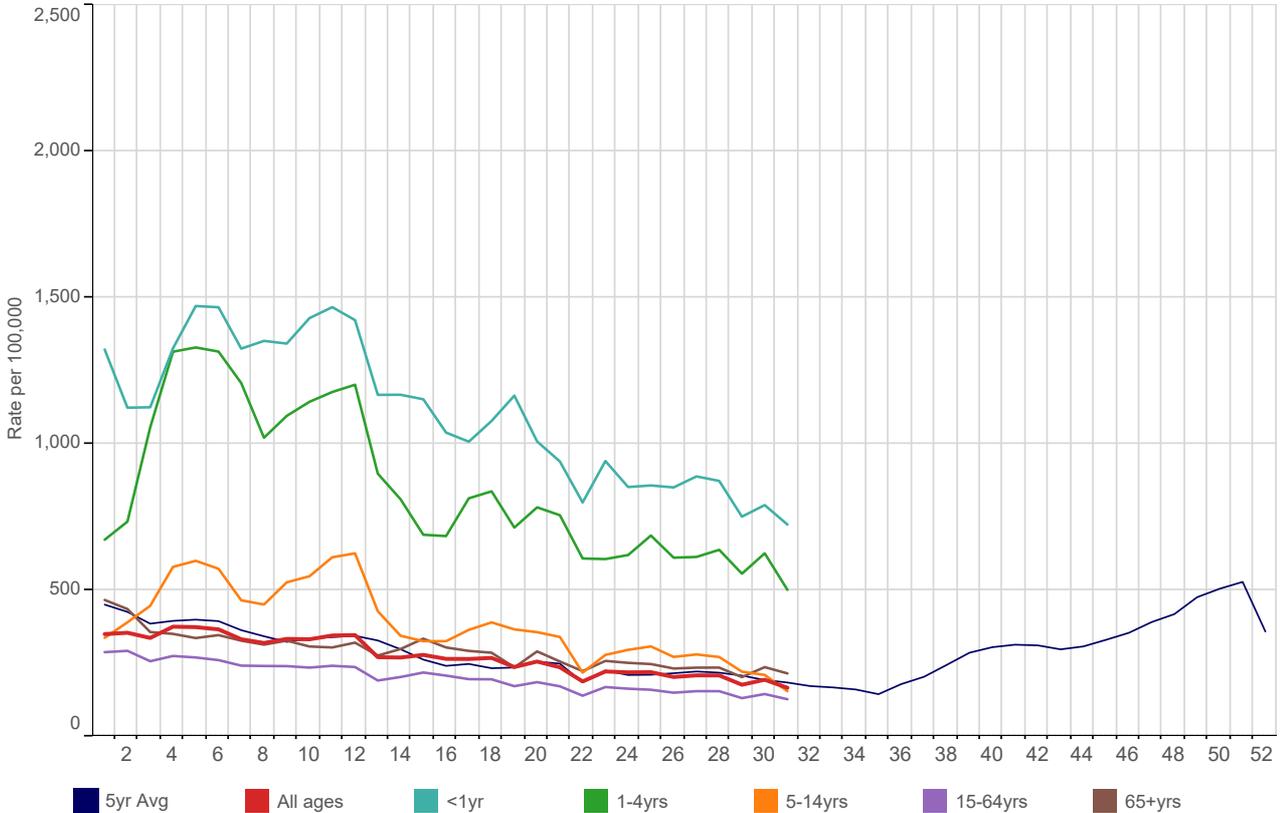


# 1. Respiratory Infections

**(I) Acute Respiratory Infections (ARI): national incidence rate 2024 by region**

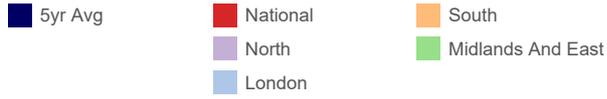


**(J) Acute Respiratory Infections (ARI): national incidence rate 2024 by age band**

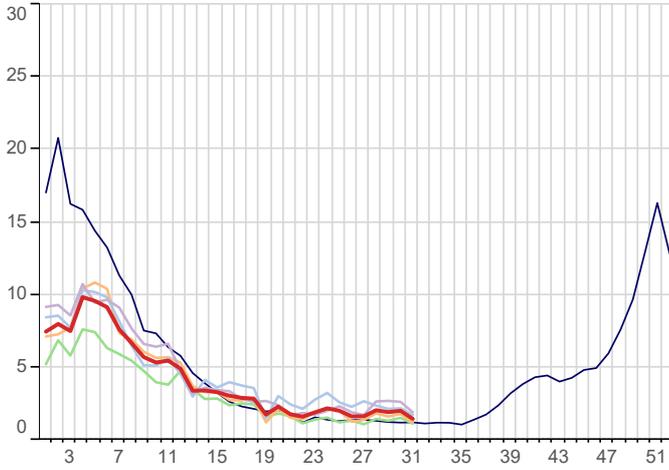


# 1. Respiratory Infections - by region

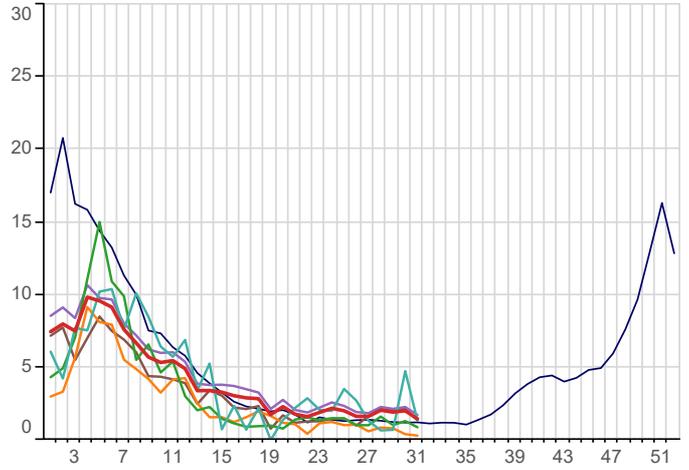
# 1. Respiratory Infections - by age band



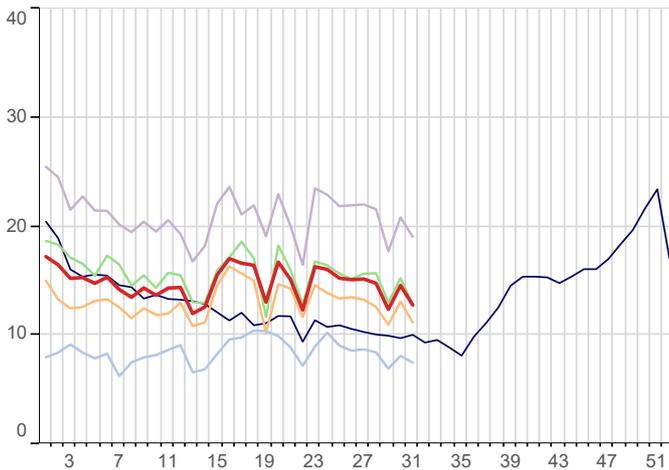
**Influenza-like illness (ILI)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



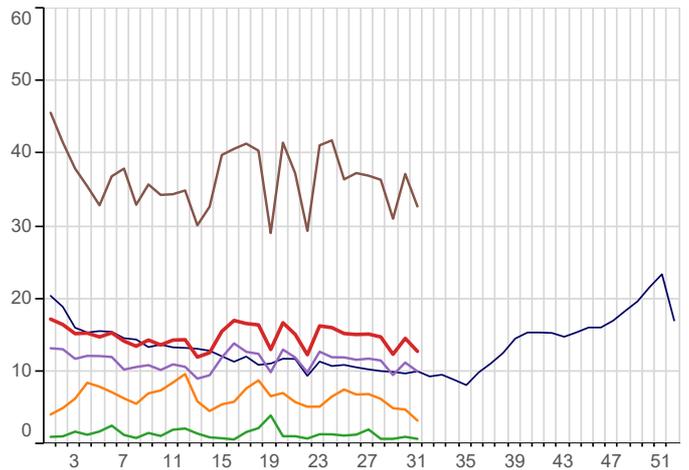
**Influenza-like illness (ILI)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all regions) by age band for 2024 compared with 5 year average



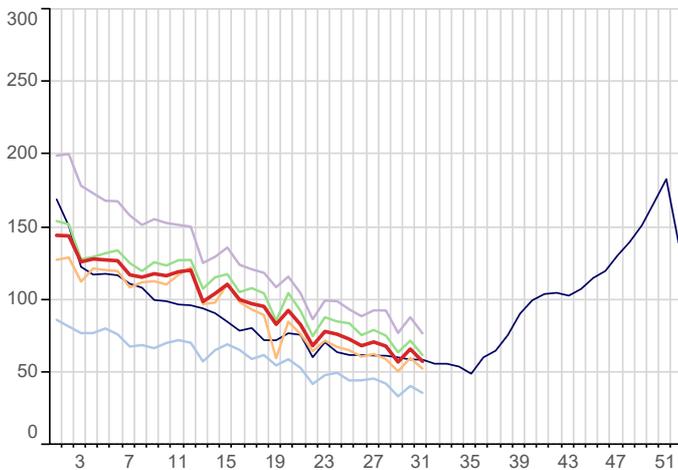
**Exacerbations of Chronic Lung Disease (ECLD)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



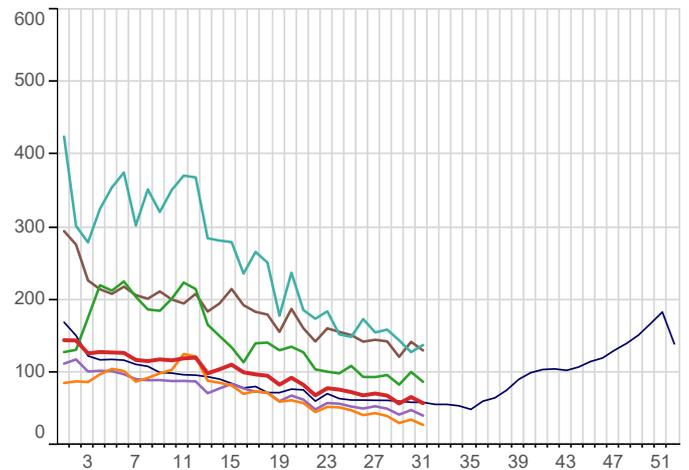
**Exacerbations of Chronic Lung Disease (ECLD)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all regions) by age band for 2024 compared with 5 year average



**Lower Respiratory Tract Infections (LRTI)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



**Lower Respiratory Tract Infections (LRTI)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all regions) by age band for 2024 compared with 5 year average



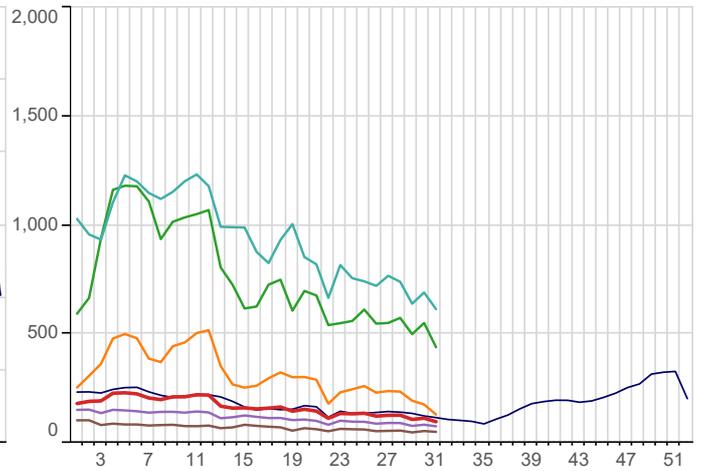
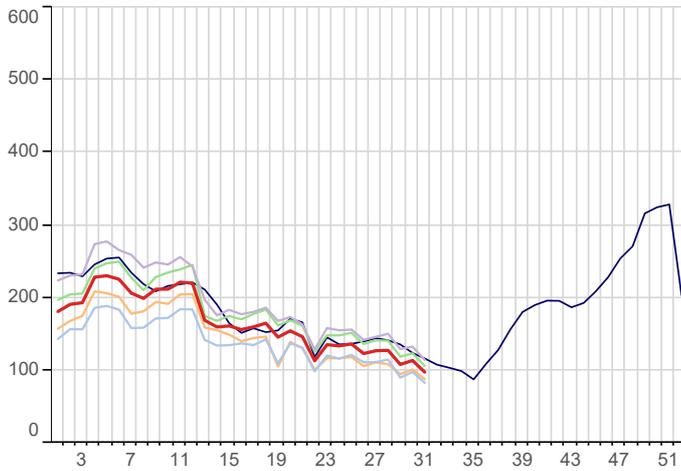
# 1. Respiratory Infections - by region

# 1. Respiratory Infections - by age band



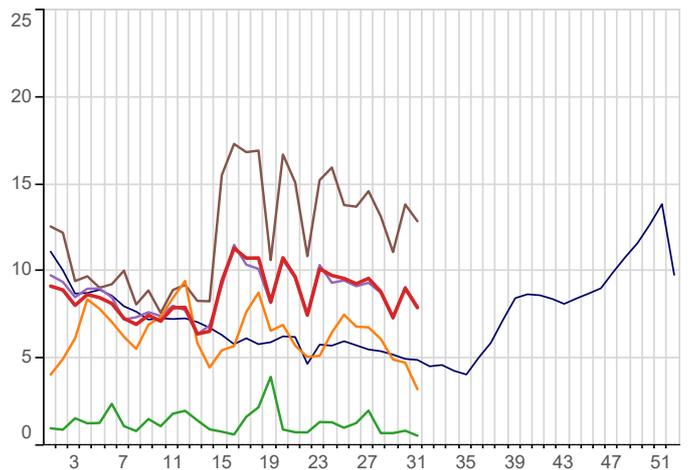
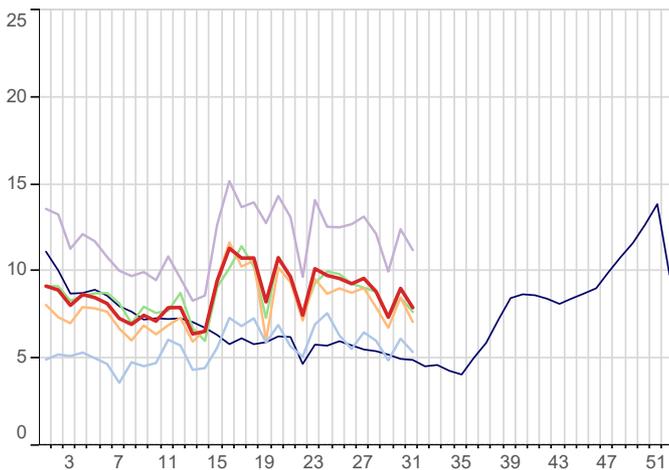
**Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average

**Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all regions) by age band for 2024 compared with 5 year average



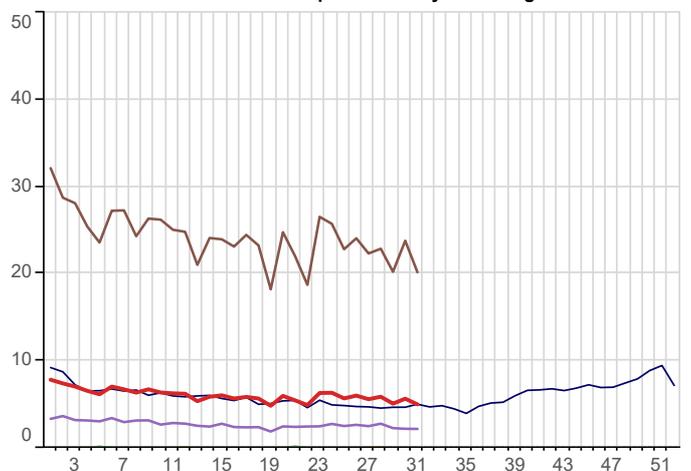
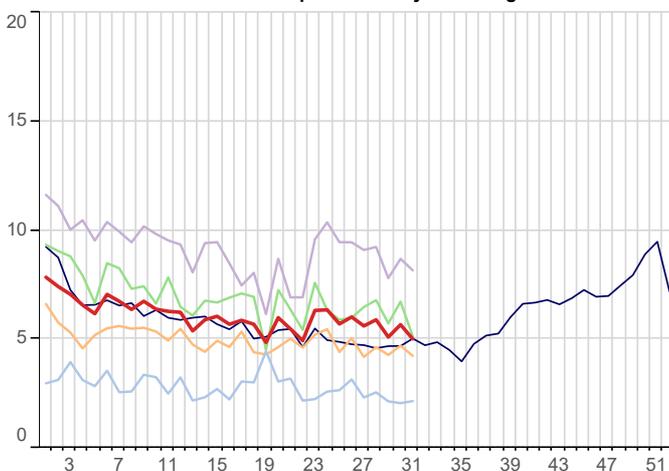
**Exacerbations of Chronic Lung Disease (ECLD) - Asthma Exacerbations**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average

**Exacerbations of Chronic Lung Disease (ECLD) - Asthma Exacerbations**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all regions) by age band for 2024 compared with 5 year average



**Exacerbations of Chronic Lung Disease (ECLD) - COPD Exacerbations**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average

**Exacerbations of Chronic Lung Disease (ECLD) - COPD Exacerbations**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all regions) by age band for 2024 compared with 5 year average

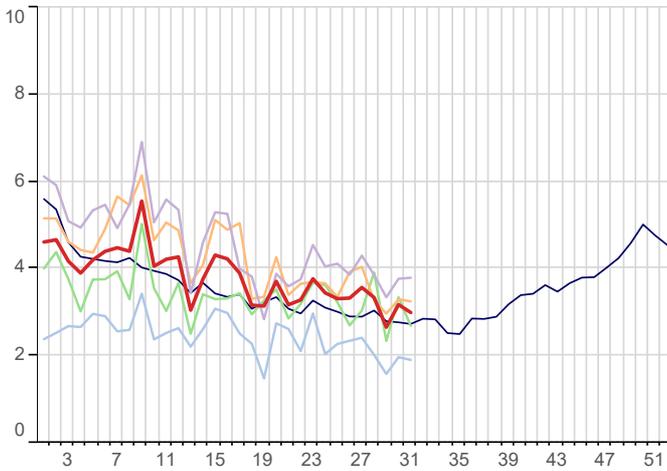


# 1. Respiratory Infections - by region

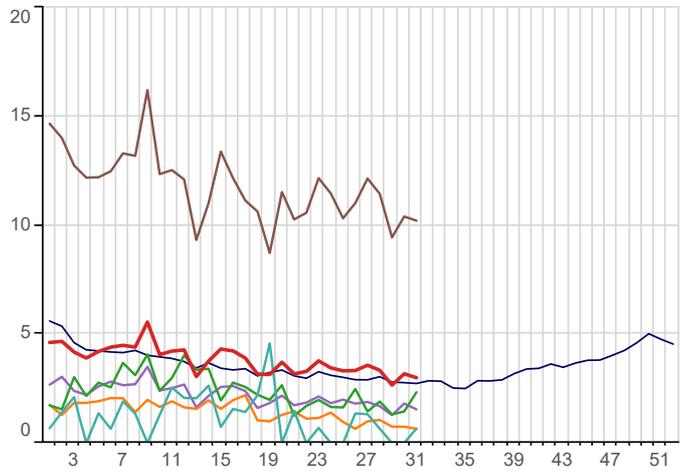
# 1. Respiratory Infections - by age band



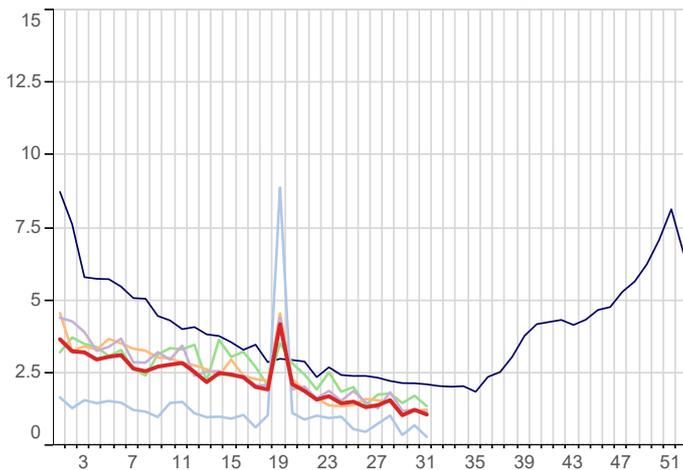
**Lower Respiratory Tract Infections (LRTI) - Pneumonia**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



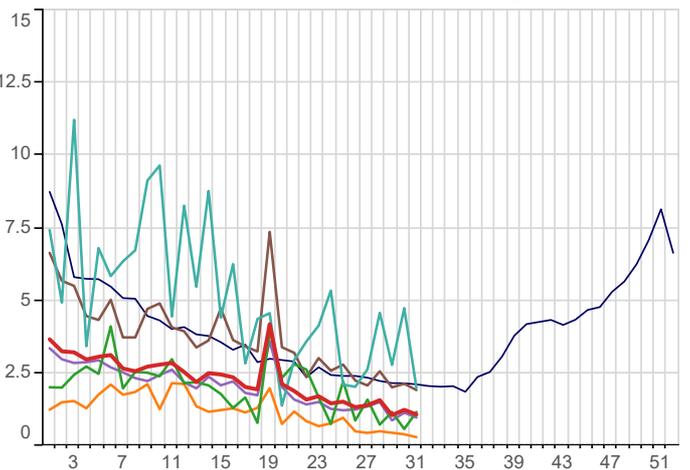
**Lower Respiratory Tract Infections (LRTI) - Pneumonia**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all regions) by age band for 2024 compared with 5 year average



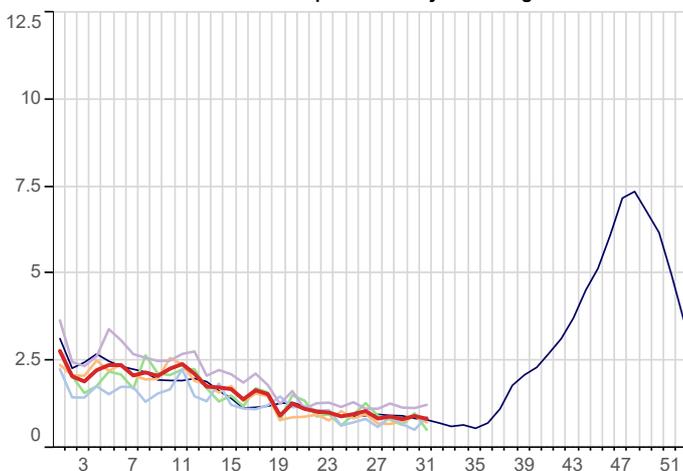
**Lower Respiratory Tract Infections (LRTI) - Acute Bronchitis**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



**Lower Respiratory Tract Infections (LRTI) - Acute Bronchitis**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all regions) by age band for 2024 compared with 5 year average



**Lower Respiratory Tract Infections (LRTI) - Bronchiolitis**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average

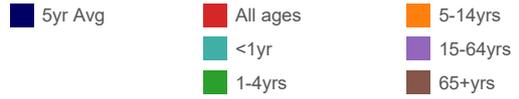


**Lower Respiratory Tract Infections (LRTI) - Bronchiolitis**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all regions) by age band for 2024 compared with 5 year average

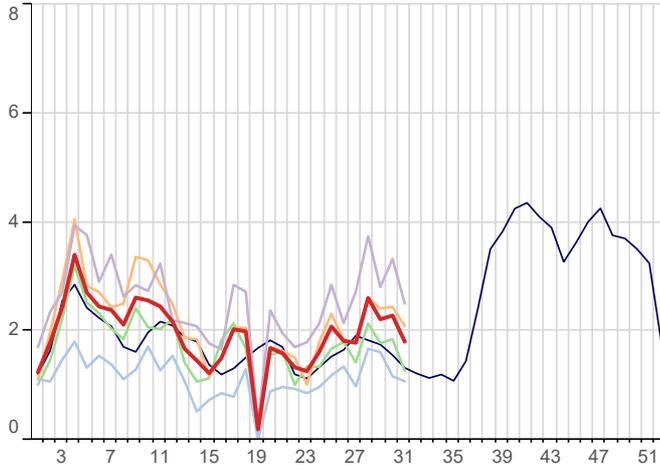


# 1. Respiratory Infections - by region

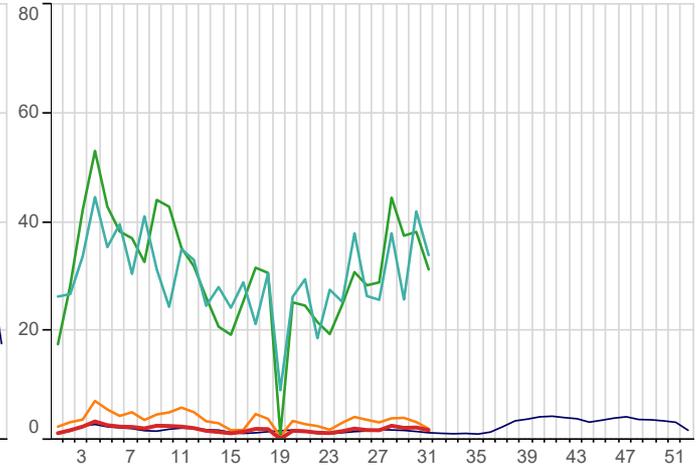
# 1. Respiratory Infections - by age band



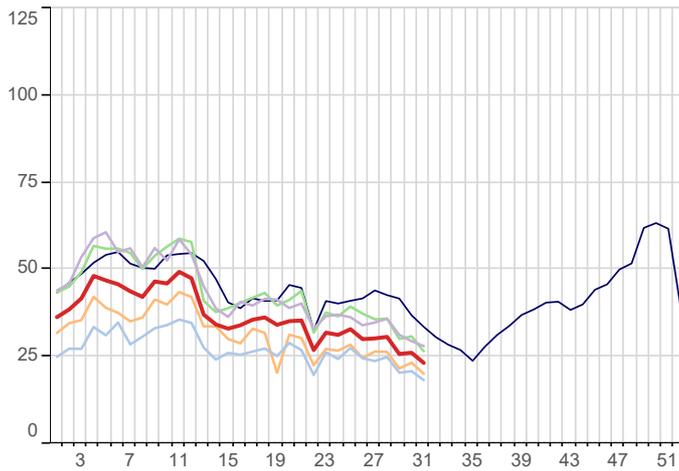
**Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI) - Croup**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



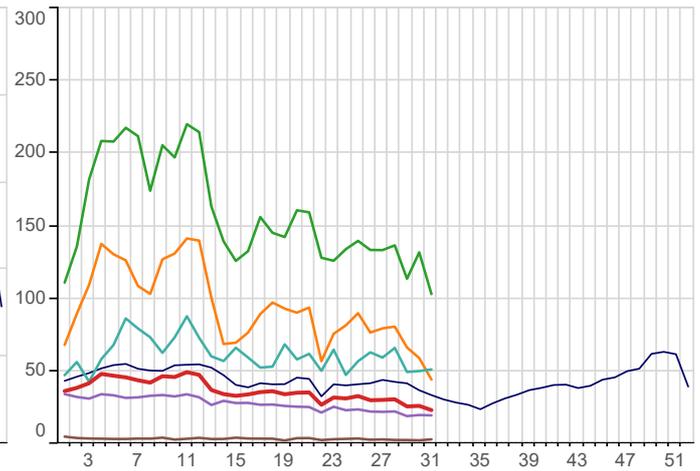
**Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI) - Croup**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all regions) by age band for 2024 compared with 5 year average



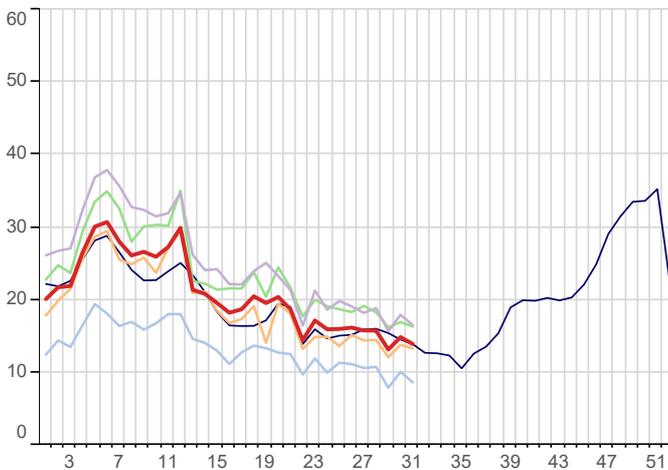
**Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI) - Tonsillitis/Pharyngitis**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



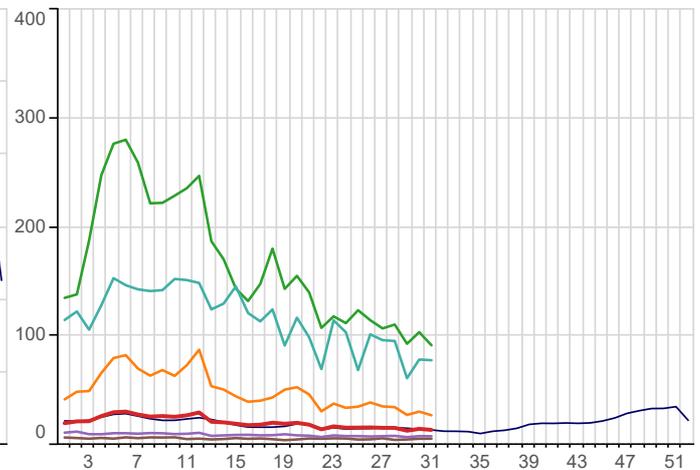
**Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI) - Tonsillitis/Pharyngitis**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all regions) by age band for 2024 compared with 5 year average



**Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI) - Otitis Media**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average

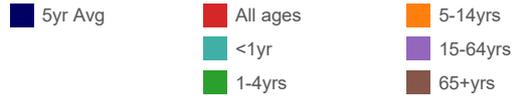


**Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI) - Otitis Media**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all regions) by age band for 2024 compared with 5 year average



# 1. Respiratory Infections - by region

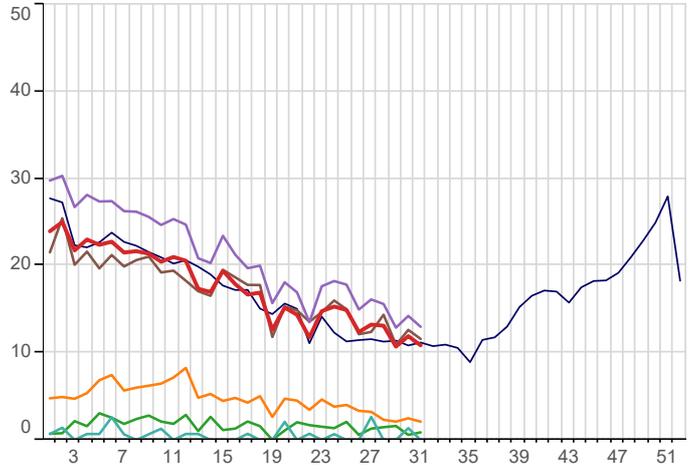
# 1. Respiratory Infections - by age band



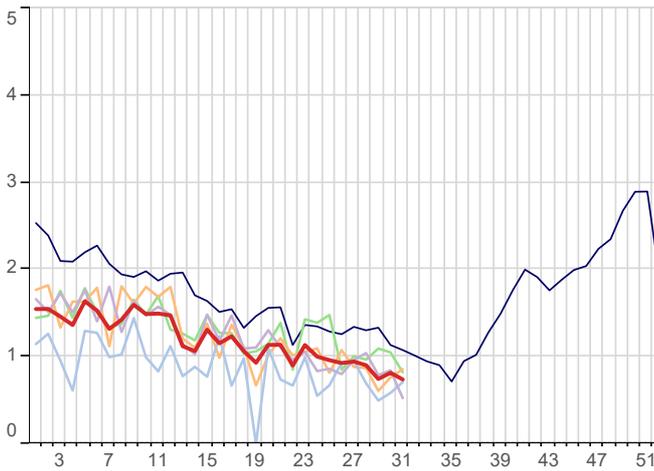
**Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI) - Sinusitis**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



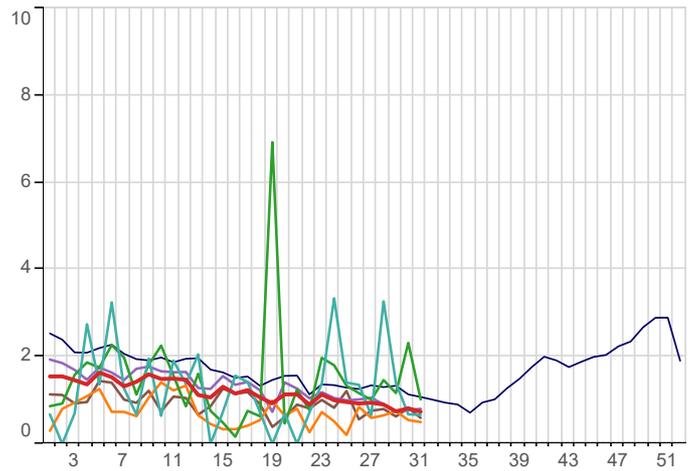
**Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI) - Sinusitis**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



**Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI) - Laryngitis**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



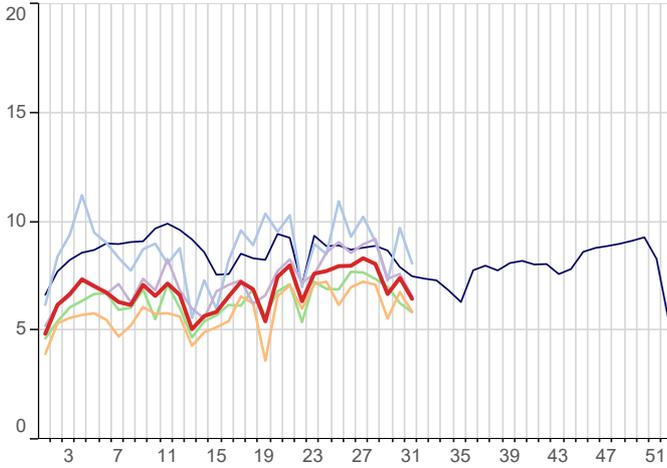
**Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI) - Laryngitis**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



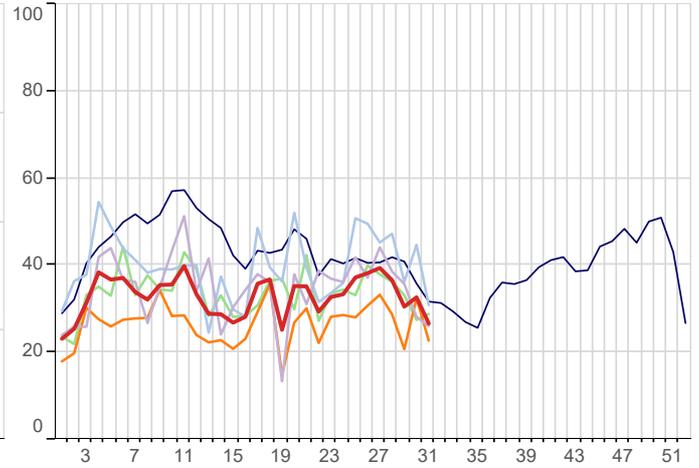
## 2. Water & Food Borne Disorders

■ 5yr Avg ■ National ■ North ■ London ■ South ■ Midlands And East

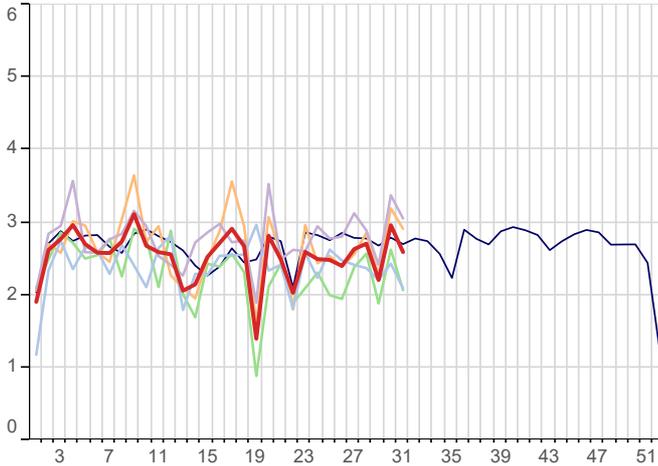
**Infectious Intestinal Disease (ICD10: A00-A09)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 **all ages**) by region  
for 2024 compared with 5 year average



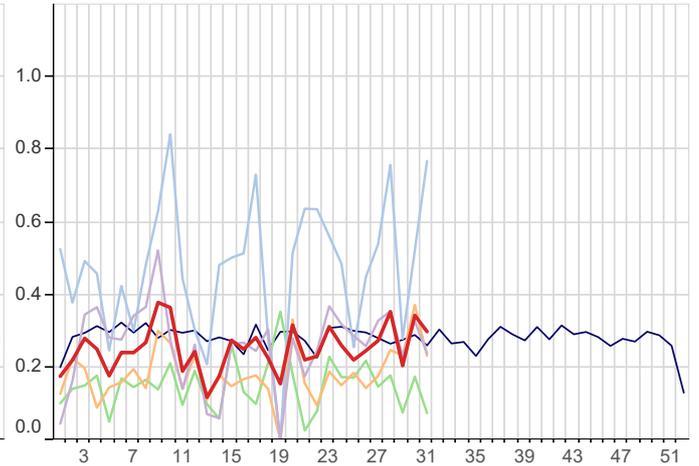
**Infectious Intestinal Disease (ICD10: A00-A09)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 **0-4 years**) by region  
for 2024 compared with 5 year average



**Non-Infective Enteritis & Colitis (ICD10: K50-K52)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 **all ages**) by region  
for 2024 compared with 5 year average



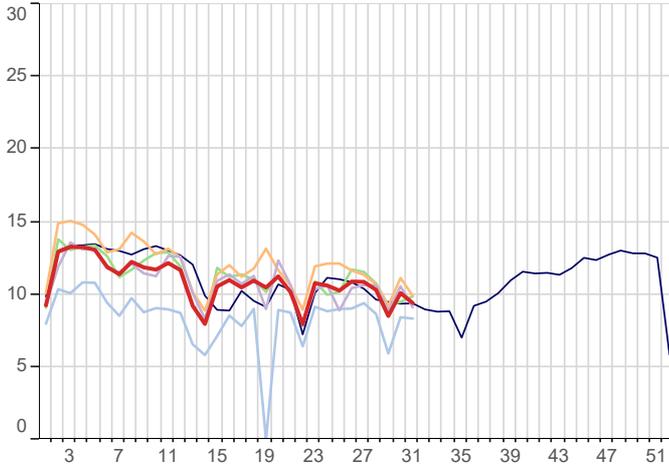
**Viral Hepatitis (ICD10: B15-B19)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 **all ages**) by region  
for 2024 compared with 5 year average



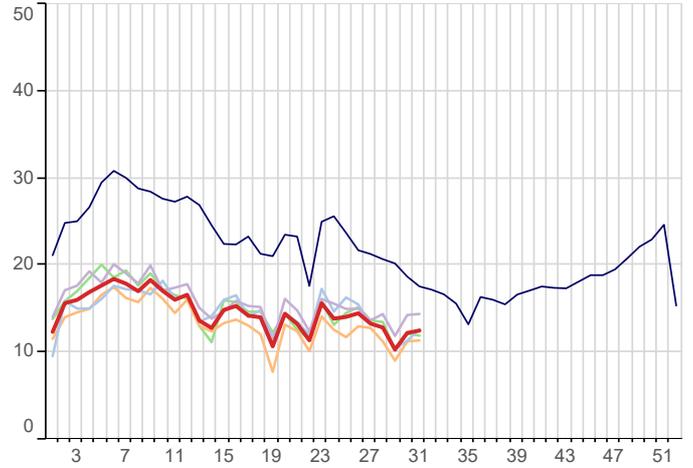
### 3. Environmentally Sensitive Disorders

5yr Avg   National   North   London   South   Midlands And East

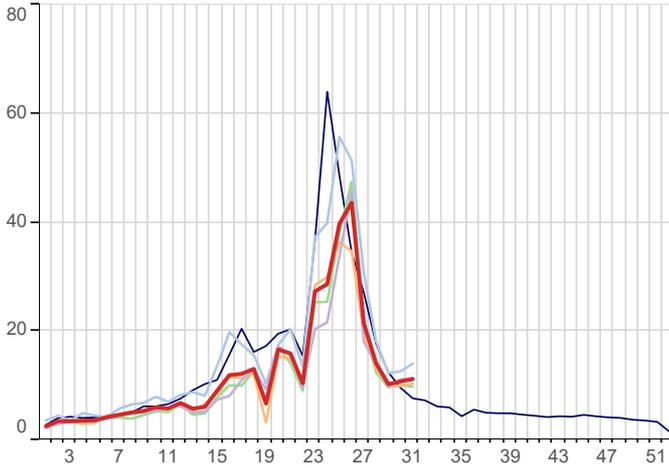
**Asthma (ICD10: J45-J46)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



**Disorders of Conjunctiva (ICD10: H10-H13)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



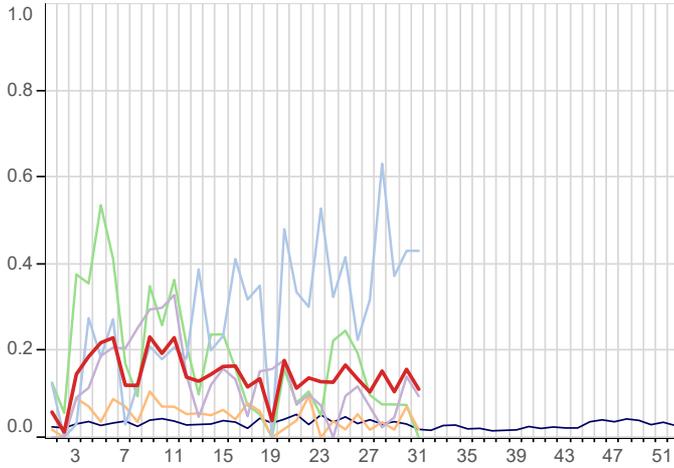
**Hayfever/Allergic Rhinitis (ICD10: J30)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



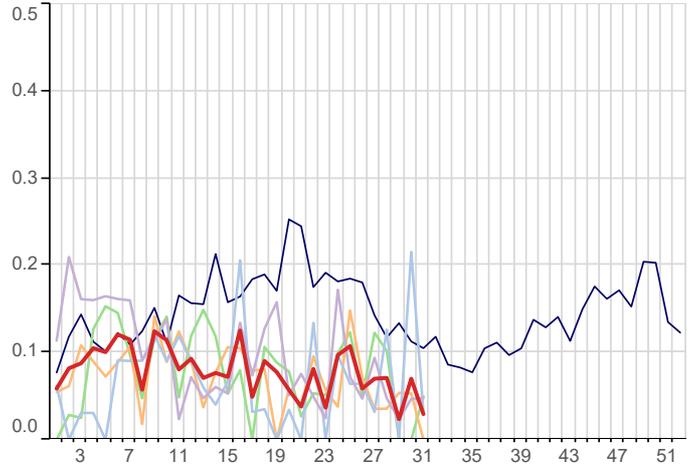
## 4. Vaccine Sensitive Disorders

5yr Avg   National   North   London   South   Midlands And East

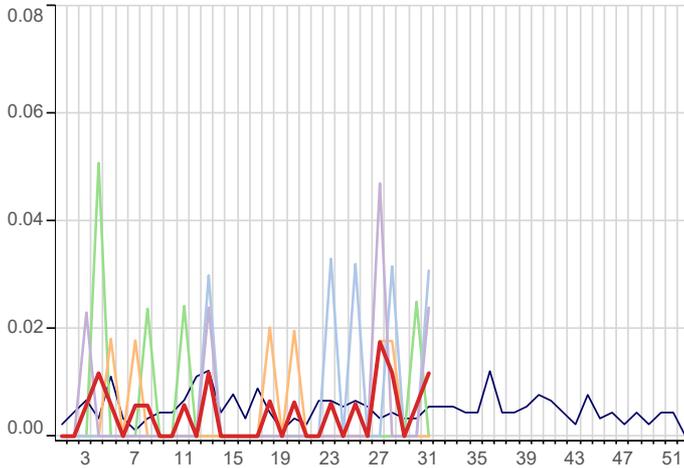
**Measles (ICD10: B05)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



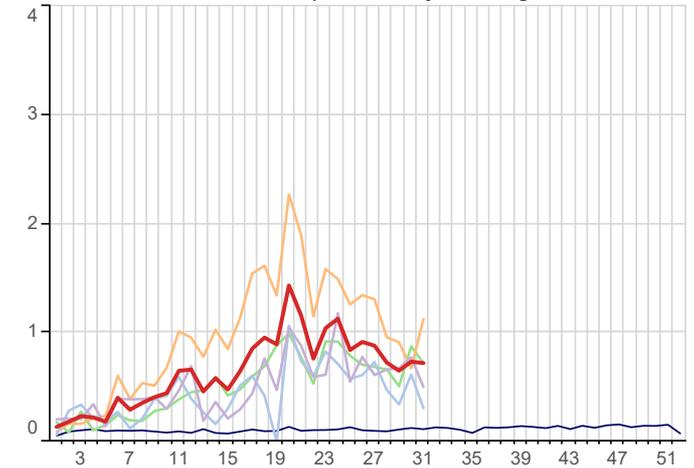
**Mumps (ICD10: B26)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



**Rubella (ICD10: B06)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average

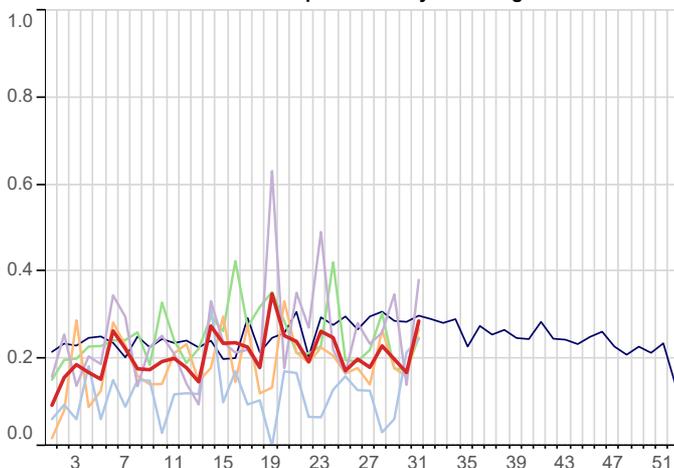


**Whooping Cough (ICD10: A37)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average

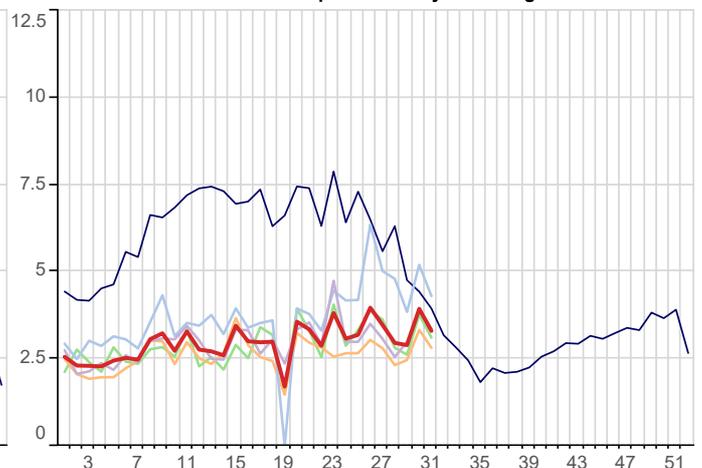


## 5. Skin Contagions

**Bullous Dermatoses (ICD10: L10-L14)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



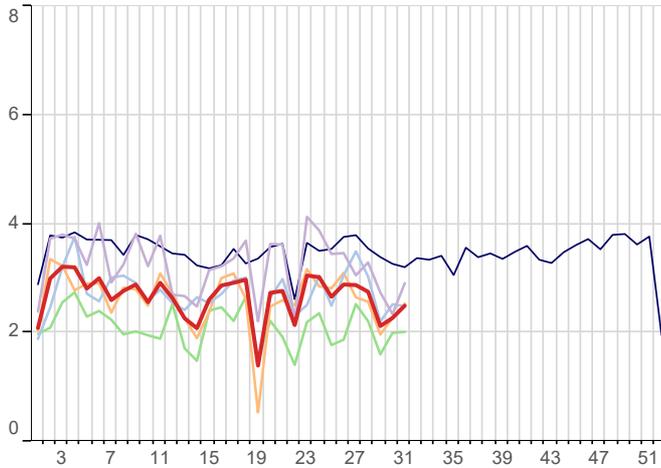
**Chickenpox (ICD10: B01)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



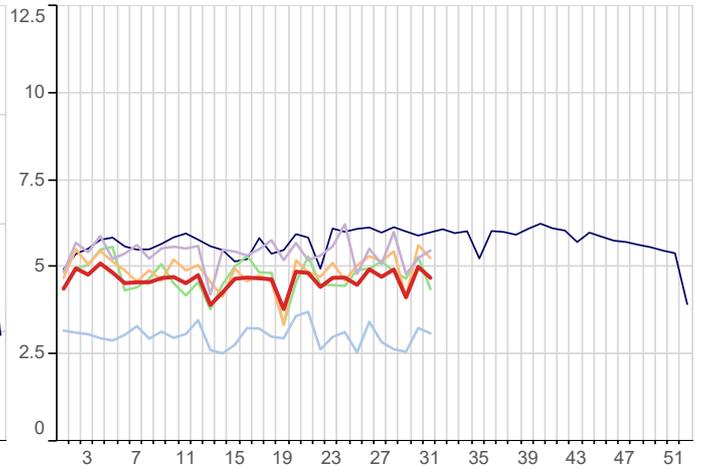
# 5. Skin Contagions (Continued)

■ 5yr Avg   
 ■ National   
 ■ North   
 ■ London   
 ■ South   
 ■ Midlands And East

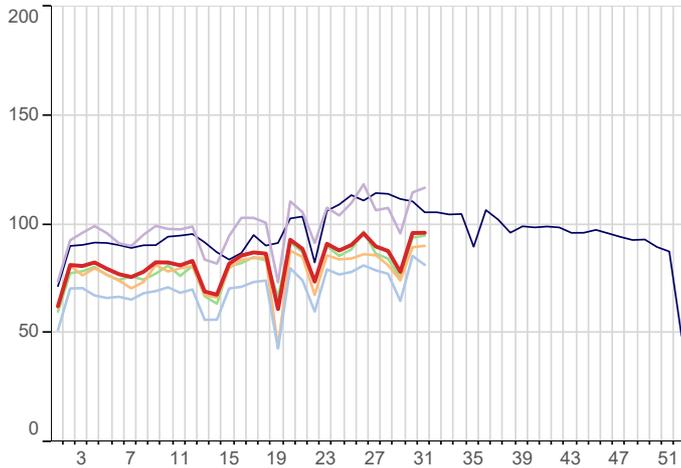
**Herpes Simplex (ICD10: B00)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



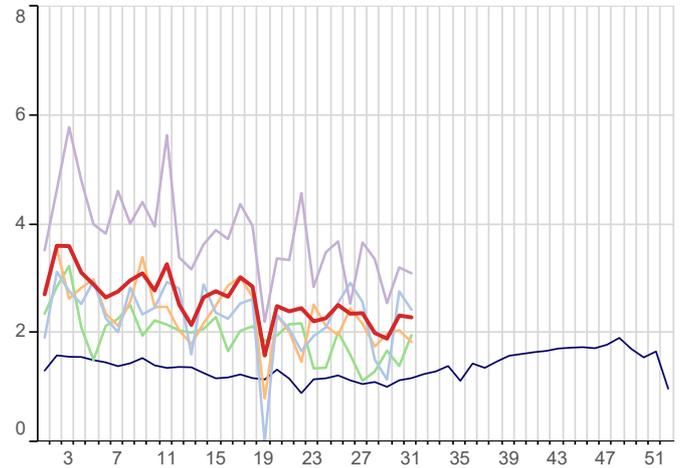
**Herpes Zoster (ICD10: B02)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



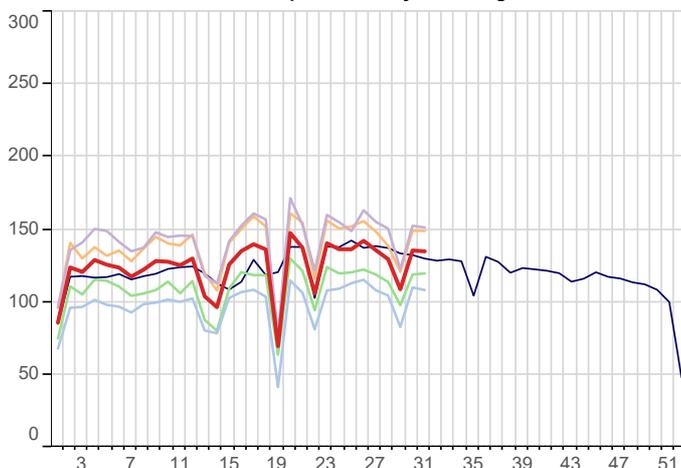
**Infections of Skin & Subcutaneous Tissue (ICD10: L00-L08)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



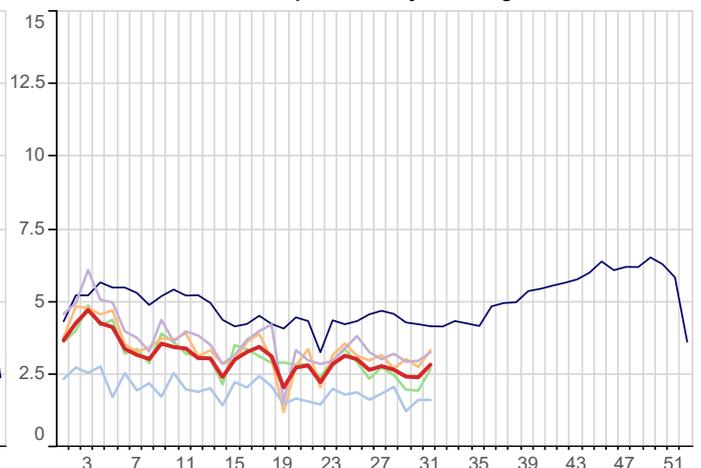
**Scabies (ICD10: B86)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



**Symptoms involving Skin & Oth Integument Tiss (ICD10: R20-R23)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



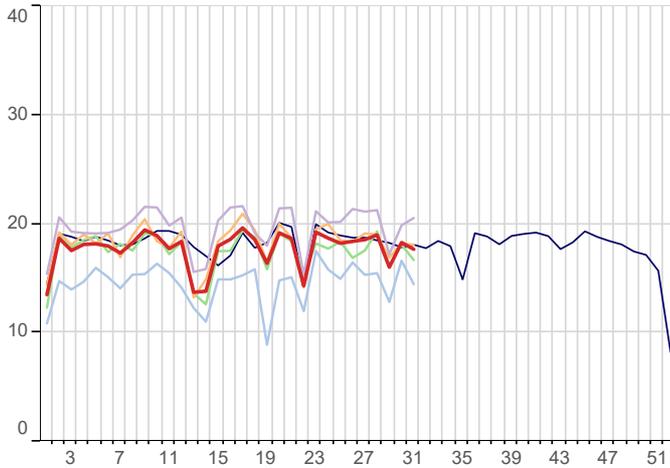
**Impetigo (ICD10: L01)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



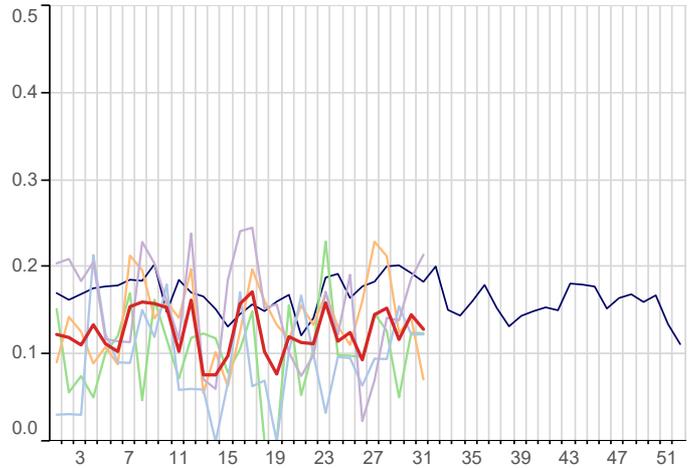
## 6. Disorders Affecting the Nervous System

5yr Avg   National   North   London   South   Midlands And East

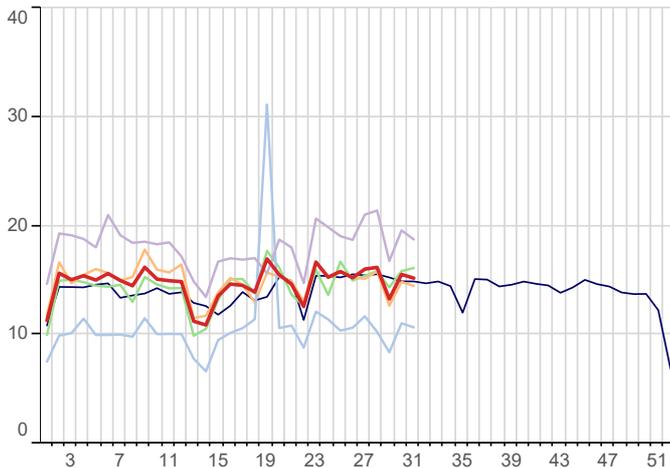
**Disorders of The Peripheral Nervous System (ICD10: G50-G64,G70-G72)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



**Meningitis/Encephalitis(ICD10: A170-A171,A390,A38-A85,A87,G00-G05)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average

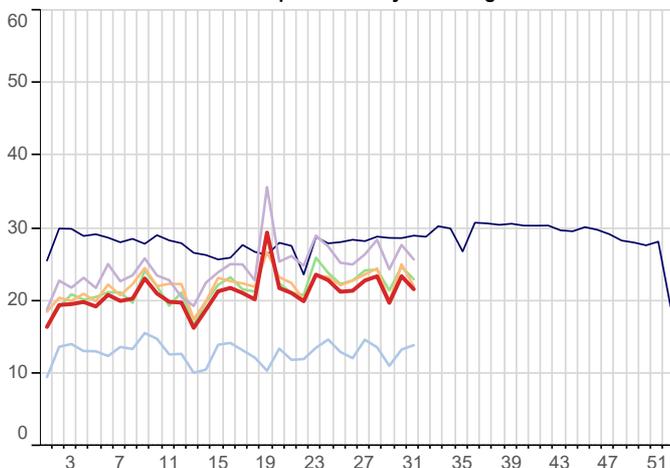


**Symptoms Involving Nervous & Musculoskeletal (ICD10: R25-R29)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



## 7. Genitourinary System Disorders

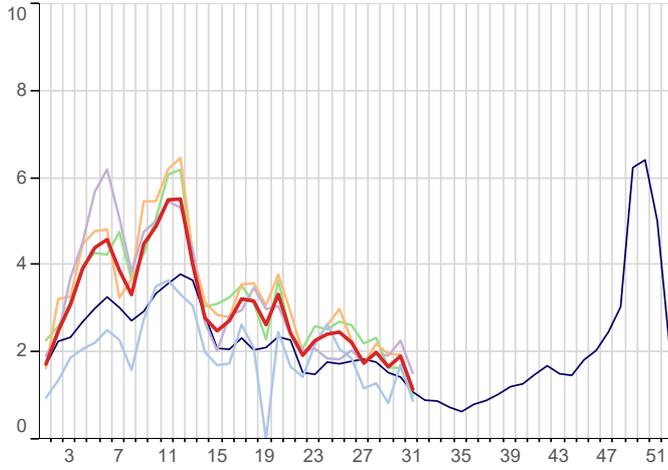
**Urinary Tract Infection/Cystitis (ICD10: N30,N390)**  
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



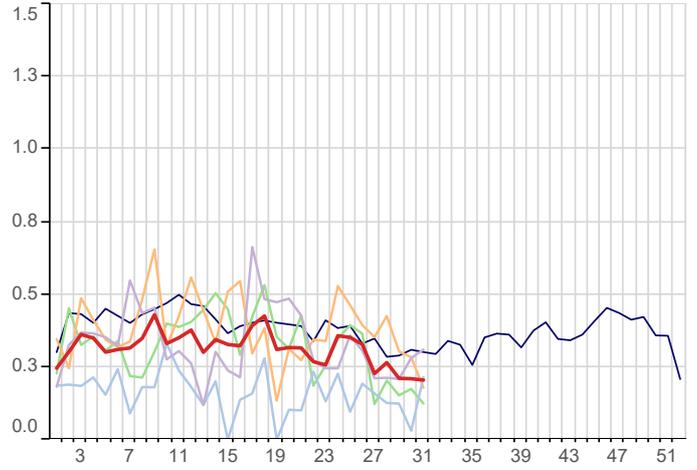
## 8. Other Disorders

■ 5yr Avg   
 ■ National   
 ■ North   
 ■ London   
 ■ South   
 ■ Midlands And East

**Strep Sore Throat, Scarlatina and Peritonsillar Abscess (ICD10: A38,J020,J36)**  
 Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



**Infectious Mononucleosis (ICD10: B27)**  
 Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2024 compared with 5 year average



## 8. Tabular Summary by Disease

Disease Name	Week beginning Week ending		29/07/2024 04/08/2024		22/07/2024 28/07/2024		15/07/2024 21/07/2024		08/07/2024 14/07/2024	
	Rate	Numer	Rate	Numer	Rate	Numer	Rate	Numer	Rate	Numer
Acute Bronchitis	1.1	184	1.2	213	1.1	180	1.6	267		
Acute respiratory infections (ARI)	166.6	28,428	194.2	33,318	177.0	30,177	208.9	35,429		
Allergic Rhinitis	11.2	1,912	10.8	1,849	10.3	1,753	14.1	2,394		
Asthma	9.4	1,605	10.1	1,733	8.5	1,452	10.3	1,749		
Bronchiolitis	0.8	143	0.9	158	0.8	141	0.9	153		
Bullous Dermatoses	0.3	49	0.2	29	0.2	34	0.2	39		
Chickenpox	3.3	564	3.9	676	2.9	494	3.0	502		
Conjunctival Disorders	12.5	2,136	12.3	2,103	10.3	1,762	12.9	2,184		
COVID-19	6.9	1,182	8.9	1,530	7.3	1,242	7.8	1,323		
Croup	1.8	308	2.3	392	2.2	378	2.6	442		
ECLD - Asthma exacerbations	7.9	1,353	9.0	1,551	7.4	1,258	8.9	1,501		
ECLD - COPD exacerbations	5.0	855	5.7	972	5.1	869	5.9	999		
Exacerbations of chronic lung disease	12.8	2,181	14.6	2,501	12.4	2,111	14.8	2,505		
Herpes Simplex	2.5	426	2.3	390	2.1	362	2.8	467		
Herpes Zoster	4.7	802	5.0	861	4.1	706	4.9	838		
Impetigo	2.8	485	2.4	414	2.4	415	2.7	453		
Infectious Intestinal Diseases	6.5	1,103	7.4	1,274	6.7	1,140	8.1	1,368		
Infectious Mononucleosis	0.2	35	0.2	36	0.2	36	0.3	45		
Influenza-like illness	1.5	248	2.0	345	1.9	327	2.0	347		
Laryngitis	0.7	126	0.8	140	0.7	127	0.9	153		
Lower respiratory tract infections	57.7	9,837	66.1	11,345	57.2	9,754	68.1	11,552		
Measles	0.1	19	0.2	27	0.1	18	0.2	26		
Meningitis and Encephalitis	0.1	22	0.1	25	0.1	20	0.2	26		
Mumps	0.0	5	0.1	12	0.0	4	0.1	12		
Non-infective Enteritis and Colitis	2.6	442	3.0	508	2.2	376	2.7	459		
Otitis Media	13.9	2,375	14.9	2,551	13.2	2,244	15.8	2,673		
Peripheral Nervous Disease	17.7	3,014	18.3	3,138	16.0	2,732	19.0	3,220		
Pneumonia	3.0	511	3.2	545	2.7	453	3.3	566		
Rubella	0.0	2	0.0	1	0.0	0	0.0	2		
Scabies	2.3	391	2.3	399	1.9	324	2.0	340		
Sinusitis	10.9	1,854	11.9	2,045	10.7	1,827	13.1	2,225		
Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Infections	96.1	16,399	96.0	16,480	78.1	13,320	87.8	14,882		
Strep Throat and Peritonsillar Abscess	1.2	197	1.9	329	1.7	285	2.0	340		
Symptoms involving musculoskeletal	15.2	2,592	15.5	2,666	13.3	2,264	16.2	2,744		
Symptoms involving Skin and Integument Tissues	135.0	23,023	135.6	23,264	108.8	18,556	129.6	21,976		
Tonsillitis/Pharyngitis	23.2	3,962	26.1	4,487	25.8	4,394	30.7	5,207		
Upper respiratory tract infections	97.6	16,647	113.6	19,501	108.2	18,441	127.6	21,640		
Urinary Tract Infections	21.6	3,687	23.4	4,016	19.7	3,364	23.4	3,967		
Viral Hepatitis	0.3	51	0.3	59	0.2	35	0.4	60		
Whooping Cough	0.7	123	0.7	126	0.7	111	0.7	123		
<b>Practice Count</b>		<b>1,645</b>		<b>1,658</b>		<b>1,628</b>		<b>1,643</b>		
<b>Denom</b>		<b>17,059,955</b>		<b>17,160,689</b>		<b>17,048,317</b>		<b>16,958,266</b>		

## FURTHER INFORMATION:

### **About the report**

#### **Focus**

The first two pages of data within this report focus on influenza-like illness and virology data, in order to provide information about seasonal influenza and early warnings of any epidemic.

#### **Rate calculation**

Each weekly incidence rate is presented per 100,000 population. All presentations are for males and females, and for all age bands, unless otherwise stated.

The denominator used for this report is taken from our most recent extract of data from GP practice systems, and includes all patients currently registered with eligible practices. The denominator varies week-on-week as patients register and deregister; it may also be the case that all patients from an individual practice are excluded because of problems with the data extraction from that practice in a specific week. As stated above, patients who have withheld consent for data-sharing are excluded.

In addition to the national rate, we present data for the four NHS England regions: North; Midlands and East; South; and London.

#### **Five-year averages**

Weekly rates are set against a five-year average (navy blue lines), previously we reported against a ten-year average. The change to a five-year average was made because longer-term trends in the incidence of disease have led to weekly rates for certain diseases becoming increasingly divergent from their ten-year average. The use of five-year averages lessens this effect and enables more meaningful comparison.

#### **Threshold calculation for influenza-like illness (ILI)**

We are now using the Moving Epidemic Method (MEM) to calculate threshold and intensity levels for influenza-like illness (Graph A, page 2 and Table E, page 4 of this report). MEM works by identifying seasonal epidemic peaks and then calculates thresholds and intensity levels based on the pre and post epidemic values. This allows us to report the severity of ILI against multiple thresholds, rather than a simple comparison with the five-year average as the wide variation in ILI year on year, especially during the seasonal peak, makes the average less representative.

In addition to the All Ages thresholds, we have also calculated thresholds for four age bands: those aged 1-4, 5-14, 15-64 and those aged 65 and over. ILI incidence rates vary among different age bands, and the age-specific thresholds allow us to highlight epidemics where ILI disproportionately affects a particular age band.

This methodology is used by the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control to standardise reporting of influenza activity across Europe, and is also in use by the UK Health Security Agency. Full details of the methodology can be found in: Vega *et al.* (2012) *Influenza surveillance in Europe: establishing epidemic thresholds by the moving epidemic method. Influenza and Other Respiratory Viruses* 7(4), 546–558.

Both the *all-ages* thresholds and the *age-specific* thresholds are shown in Table E, page 4. Five years of data were used for *all-ages* and *age-specific* thresholds calculation (winter seasons 2015/16, 2016/17, 2017/18, 2018/19 and 2022/23, excluding 2019/20, 2020/21 and 2021/22).

## About the Royal College of General Practitioners (RCGP) Research and Surveillance Centre (RSC)

### **Acknowledgement:**

Staff from the Data Science department at the National Physical Laboratory (<https://www.npl.co.uk/data-science>) assisted in the provision of and extension of the primary care national surveillance reports during the 2020 SARS-CoV-2 pandemic; as well as adding resilience.

### **What we do**

The RCGP RSC was established in 1957, with the current name in use since 2009. The Centre is an internationally renowned source of information, analysis and interpretation concerning the onset, patterns, prevalence and trends over time of morbidity in primary care. The RSC is an active research and surveillance unit that collects and monitors data; its most important research is the surveillance of influenza and the monitoring of vaccine effectiveness.

The RSC data and analytics hub is housed at the Oxford-Royal College of General Practitioners Research and Surveillance Centre.

Further information about the RSC can be found on our website:

<http://www.rcgp.org.uk/rsc>

### **Our data extraction process and information governance**

Data are extracted twice weekly from practice systems by Magentus data management and EMIS-X Analytics (EXA) on the RCGP's behalf. Patients who have withheld consent for data sharing are excluded from the extraction process.

Data are pseudonymised as close to source as possible. Data are held on secure servers at the RCGP data and analytics hub at the Oxford-Royal College of General Practitioners Research and Surveillance Centre. Both Magentus data management and the University of Oxford are Registered and compliant with the Data Protection Act and fully compliant with all relevant NHS Digital data information governance best practice.

### **What the data is used for**

The RCGP RSC has been providing reports weekly about health and disease, called the Weekly Returns Service (WRS) since 1964. The WRS monitors the number of patients consulting with new episodes of illness classified by diagnosis in England and provides weekly incidence rates per 100,000 population for these new episodes of illness. It is the key primary care element of the national disease monitoring systems run by the UK Health Security Agency. The bulletin can be found at the following URL:

<https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/syndromic-surveillance-systems-and-analyses>

In addition to the WRS, the data is used for other research studies. Any other uses of the data for research follow ethical approval or agreement from NIHR proportionate review, and where relevant Health Research Authority Confidential Advisory Group advice that further approval is not needed. Full details can be found on our website:

<http://www.rcgp.org.uk/rsc>

### **For further information**

For further information about the work of the RSC, or if you would like to be included on our email notification list, please contact:

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