

RSC Communicable and Respiratory Disease Report for England

Week Number / Year

43 / 2025

Population

18,512,146

Dates

20/10/2025 - 26/10/2025

No. Practices

1,776

Notes

All rates in this report are given per 100,000 population presenting in the week of the report. A rolling 5-year average rate is also provided as a historical comparison. Rates are provided for four regions (North, South, Midlands and East, and London). For acute respiratory infections, a breakdown by age group is also provided.

Rates are presented on a weekly basis, using ISO week numbers.

Please see page 20 for further explanatory notes on the data.

Comments

Rates of influenza-like illness (ILI) remain above the seasonal average for this time of year and continue to climb in all regions and all ages groups, especially in those under 15 years of age, pages 3 to 5.

Virology swab positivity continues to climb especially for influenza A, whilst of note some RSV positive swabs are also present this week, pages 3 and 4.

Rates of acute respiratory illness (ARI) continue to increase in all regions and ages groups, but ARI rates nationally are below the seasonal average, page 7.

Rates of COVID-19 continue to decline in all regions and ages groups, page 6.

Of note, rates of exacerbation in chronic lung disease (ECLD), page 8; ECLD – asthma exacerbation, page 9; ECLD – COPD exacerbation, page 9; URTI – Tonsillitis/ Pharyngitis, page 11; URTI – Otitis Media, page 11; URTI – sinusitis, page 12 all are above the seasonal average for this time of year.

Other comments:

- Rates of measles (page 15) and scabies (page 16) remain above the seasonal average.
- Rates of symptoms of nervous & musculoskeletal systems (page 17) remains above the seasonal average.
- Rates of urinary tract infection/ cystitis (page 18) remains above the seasonal average.

Seasonal Focus

In the "Change since last week" column, a change in rate of 5% to 10% is marked with a single arrow ($^{\wedge}$ or $^{\vee}$), while a change of more than 10% is marked with a double arrow ($^{\wedge}$ or $^{\vee}$). A flat line ($^{-}$) indicates the rate was stable, changing less than 5%.

Region Breakdown

	Acute	respirato (AR	ry infections I)	Influe	enza-like	illness (ILI)	Exacer	bations o disease	of chronic lung (ECLD)
	This week	Last week	Change since last week	This week	Last week	Change since last week	This week	Last week	Change since last week
London	208.4	205.7	- 2.6	5.9	5.9	- 0.1	10.7	10.5	- 0.2
Midlands And East	297.9	281.2	^ 16.6	5.8	4.4	☆ 1.4	19.9	20.4	 -0.5
North	361.3	332.3	^ 29.1	8.1	6.9	☆ 1.2	29.5	27.4	^ 2.0
South	228.1	228.8	- -0.8	4.7	5.1	∨ -0.4	17.6	18.8	∨ -1.2
National	273.8	262.6	- 11.2	6.0	5.6	^ 0.5	19.7	19.7	- 0.0
	Low	er respira	story troot	Han				0.01/11	- 10
		nfections	•		er respira	atory tract (URTI)		COVII)-19
			•			•	This week	Last week	Change since last week
London	This	nfections Last	(LRTI) Change since	This	nfections Last	Change since		Last	Change since
London Midlands And East	This week	nfections Last week	(LRTI) Change since last week	This week	nfections Last week	(URTI) Change since last week	week	Last week	Change since last week
	This week	Last week 45.2	Change since last week	This week	Last week	Change since last week	week 1.2	Last week	Change since last week
Midlands And East	This week 49.0 93.9	Last week 45.2 89.3	Change since last week 3.8 4.6	This week 151.1 191.0	Last week 152.9	Change since last week 1.8 11.6	1.2 2.1	Last week 1.5 3.1	Change since last week

Age Group Breakdown

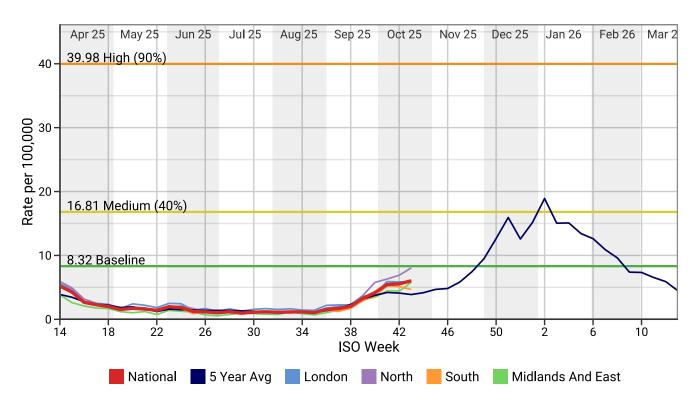
	Acute re	spiratory i	nfections (ARI)	Influ	enza-like	illness (ILI)	Exacerbations of chronic lung disease (ECLD)			
	This week	Last week	Change since last week	This week	Last week	Change since last week	This week	Last week	Change since last week	
<1yr	1,236.8	1,217.9	- 18.9	7.7	6.6	☆ 1.1	0.0	0.0	- 0.0	
1-4yrs	1,093.8	1,000.1	^ 93.7	10.3	7.2	☆ 3.2	1.4	1.9	> −0.6	
5-14yrs	315.8	291.7	^ 24.1	6.5	4.8	☆ 1.7	6.3	6.0	^ 0.3	
15-64yrs	196.6	193.8	- 2.8	6.0	6.0	- 0.0	14.8	15.5	 -0.7	
65+yrs	305.2	291.1	- 14.1	4.8	4.1	☆ 0.7	51.4	48.6	^ 2.8	
All ages	273.8	262.6	- 11.2	6.0	5.6	^ 0.5	19.7	19.7	- 0.0	
	Lower res	spiratory tr	act infections	Upper re	spiratory 1	tract infections		COVII	D-19	

		(LRT	1)		(URT	1)			
	This week	Last week	Change since last week	This week	Last week	Change since last week	This week	Last week	Change since last week
<1yr	253.2	268.1	∨ -14.9	1,092.9	1,065.9	- 27.0	9.0	13.8	> −4.8
1-4yrs	187.3	154.8	☆ 32.5	970.1	917.6	^ 52.5	0.3	1.5	> −1.2
5-14yrs	40.1	35.2	4 .9	273.0	255.7	^ 17.3	0.4	0.3	☆ 0.1
15-64yrs	62.1	59.7	- 2.4	122.3	120.7	- 1.7	1.9	2.6	> −0.7
65+yrs	181.9	170.5	^ 11.4	82.2	81.0	- 1.2	5.4	7.4	以 −1.9
All ages	87.6	82.3	^ 5.3	174.0	168.1	- 5.9	2.3	3.2	> −0.9

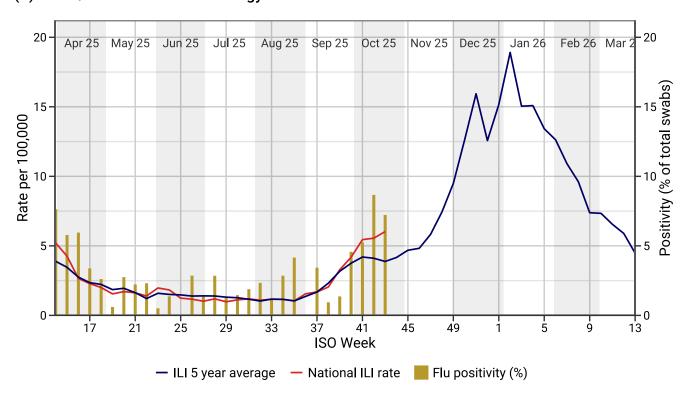
2024/25 Focus

(A) Influenza-like Illness: national incidence rate by region

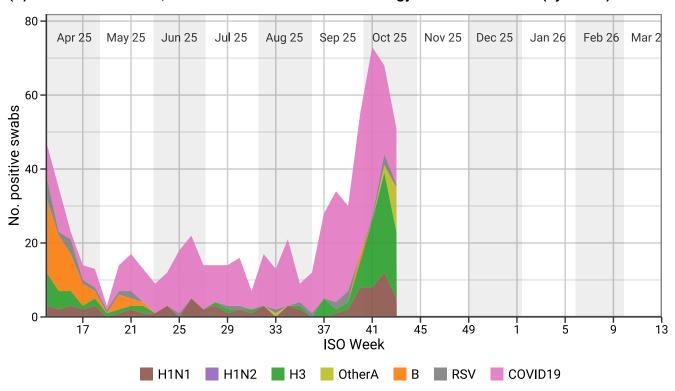
The horizontal lines in the following graph are thresholds derived from the Moving Epidemic Method (MEM) model. See p20 for more information.



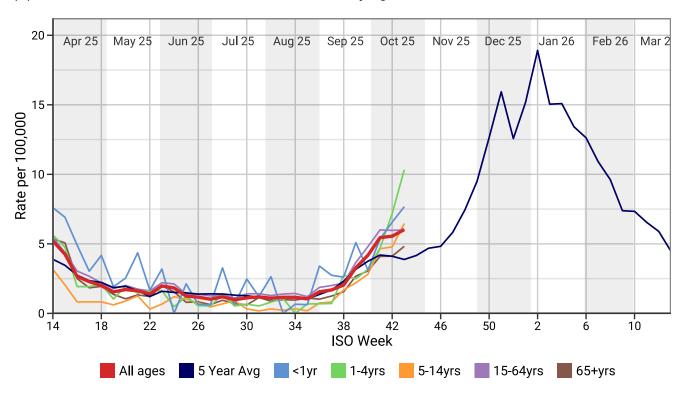
(B) RCGP/UKHSA influenza virology swab surveillance



(C) RCGP/UKHSA RSV, influenza and SARS-CoV-2 virology swab surveilance (by strain)



(D) Influenza-like Illness: national incidence rate by age band



(E) Influenza-like Illness: national incidence rate by age band

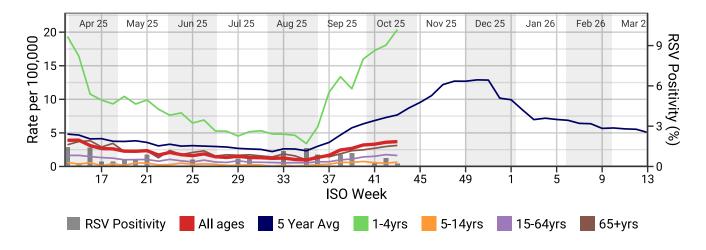
This table shows the level of intensity of ILI by age band. MEM thresholds have been calculated separately for each age band - thresholds are shown in the second table. Refer to page 19 for more information.

	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
1-4yrs	12.9	7.9	11.1	8.4	6.7	6.8	5.6	4.8	1.9	1.9	2.1	1.0	2.0	1.5	1.6	1.6	0.5	1.2
5-14yrs	7.0	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.4	4.7	3.2	2.0	0.8	8.0	0.8	0.6	0.9	1.3	0.3	0.7	1.2	1.0
15-64yrs	12.0	11.1	9.3	7.9	7.3	6.5	5.5	4.4	3.0	2.7	2.2	1.8	2.0	1.7	1.6	2.2	2.1	1.4
65+yrs	7.7	6.5	5.8	4.9	4.5	4.5	5.4	5.1	2.5	1.8	1.9	1.4	1.0	1.3	1.2	2.0	1.5	0.8
All ages	10.8	9.5	8.3	7.1	6.6	5.9	5.2	4.3	2.7	2.3	2.0	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.4	2.0	1.8	1.2
	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43
1-4yrs	0.6	0.5	1.3	0.5	0.7	0.5	0.8	1.1	0.0	0.7	0.7	0.7	2.8	2.5	3.2	4.7	7.2	10.3
5-14yrs	0.8	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.7	0.8	1.7	2.2	2.8	4.6	4.8	6.5
15-64yrs	1.4	1.3	1.3		1.4	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4	1.2	1.9	2.0	2.2	3.7	4.8	6.0	6.0	6.0
65+yrs	0.8	0.6	0.9	0.7	0.6		0.9	1.0	1.0		1.0	1.2	1.6	2.7	3.1	4.1	4.1	4.8
All ages	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.0		1.2		1.2	1.2	1.0	1.6	1.7	2.0	3.3	4.2	5.4	5.6	6.0

	Below Threshold	Threshold to medium	Medium to high	High to very high	Above very high
1-4yrs	<7.86	7.86 to 16.38	16.38 to 30.29	30.29 to 39.75	39.75+
5-14yrs	<5.17	5.17 to 11.83	11.83 to 29.13	29.13 to 43.38	43.38+
15-64yrs	<9.81	9.81 to 18.31	18.31 to 44.31	44.31 to 65.49	65.49+
65+yrs	<8.10	8.10 to 14.49	14.49 to 37.90	37.90 to 57.96	57.96+
All Ages	<8.32	8.32 to 16.81	16.81 to 39.98	39.98 to 58.62	58.62+

(F) Acute Bronchitis and Bronchiolitis: national incidence rate by age band

Children under 1 year old are omitted from the following graph.

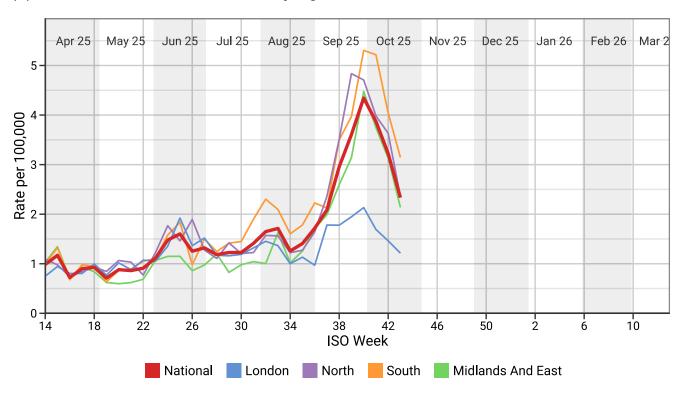


Weekly incidence rates of influenza-like illness, and acute bronchitis and bronchiolitis (per 100,000)

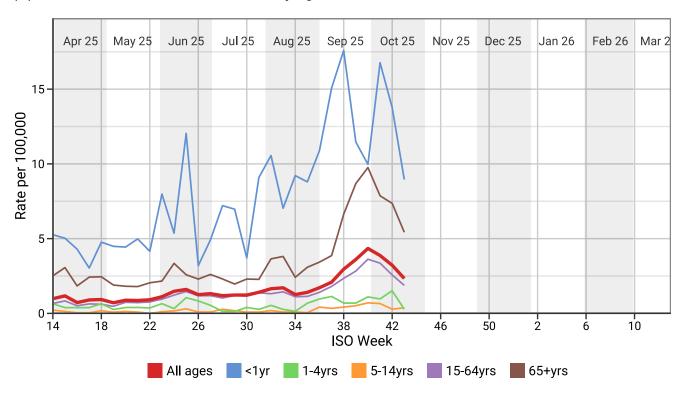
	Influenza-like illness (ILI)	ARI-Bronchitis and Bronchiolitis
<1yr	7.7	140.7
1-4yrs	10.3	20.4
5-14yrs	6.5	0.7
15-24yrs	6.8	1.1
25-44yrs	6.1	1.4
45-64yrs	5.5	2.2
65-74yrs	4.9	2.3
75-84yrs	4.7	4.5
85+yrs	5.0	2.6
All ages	6.0	3.7

	Influenza-like illness (ILI)	ARI-Bronchitis and Bronchiolitis
London	5.9	2.8
Midlands And East	5.8	3.6
North	8.1	4.5
South	4.7	3.7
National	6.0	3.7

(G) COVID-19: national incidence rate by region

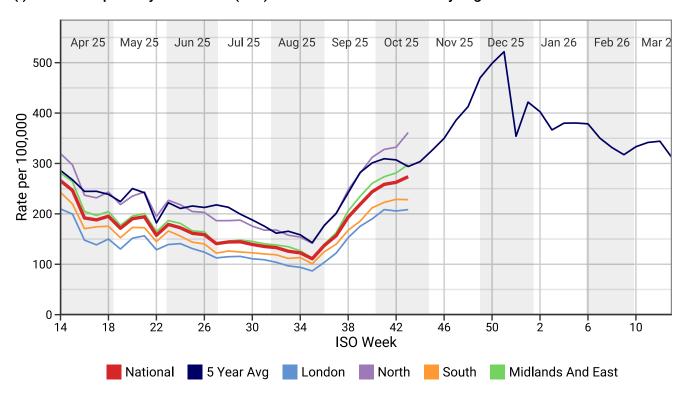


(H) COVID-19: national incidence rate by age band



1. Respiratory Infections

(I) Acute Respiratory Infections (ARI): national incidence rate by region

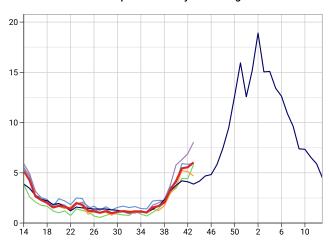


(J) Acute Respiratory Infections (ARI): national incidence rate by age band

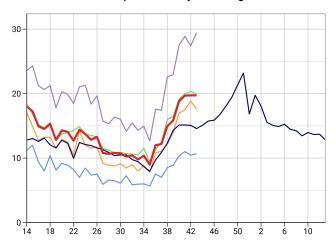


National London South 5 Year Avg North Midlands And East

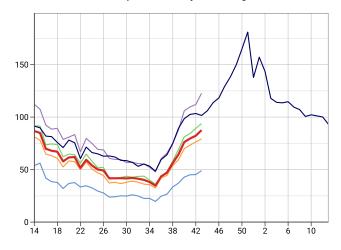
Influenza-like illness (ILI) Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average



Exacerbations of Chronic Lung Disease (ECLD)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26
compared with 5 year average

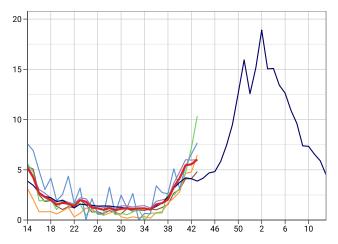


Lower Respiratory Tract Infections (LRTI)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26
compared with 5 year average

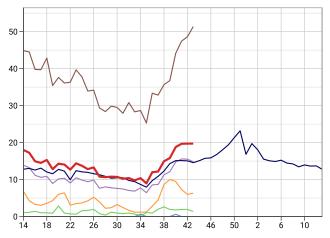




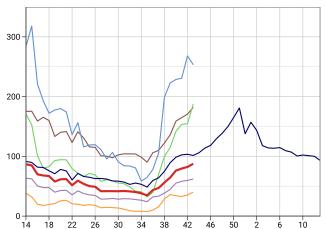
Influenza-like illness (ILI)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by age band for
2025/26 compared with 5 year average



Exacerbations of Chronic Lung Disease (ECLD)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by age band for
2025/26 compared with 5 year average

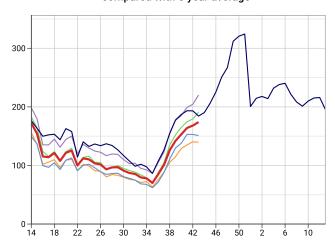


Lower Respiratory Tract Infections (LRTI)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by age band for
2025/26 compared with 5 year average

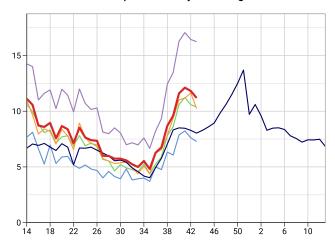


National London South 5 Year Avg North Midlands And East

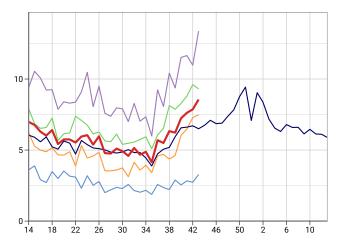
Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI) Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average



ECLD - Asthma Exacerbations Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average



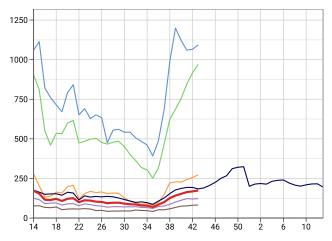
ECLD - COPD Exacerbations Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average



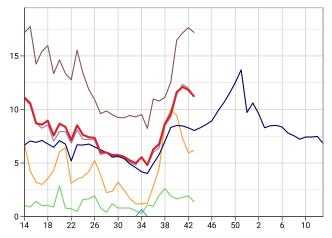
Respiratory Infections - by age band



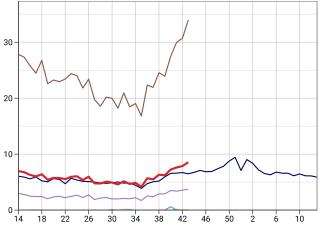
Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTI)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by age band for
2025/26 compared with 5 year average



ECLD - Asthma Exacerbations Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by age band for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average

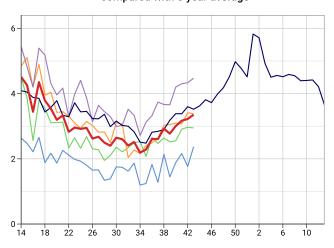


ECLD - COPD Exacerbations Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by age band for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average

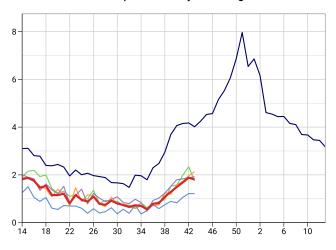


National London South 5 Year Avg North Midlands And East

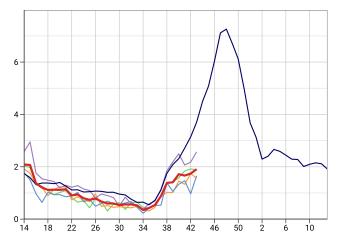
LRTI - Pneumonia Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average



LRTI - Acute Bronchitis Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average

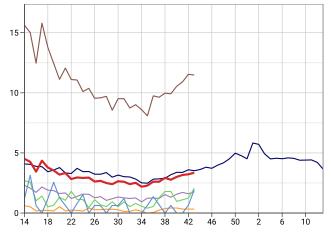


LRTI - Bronchiolitis Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average

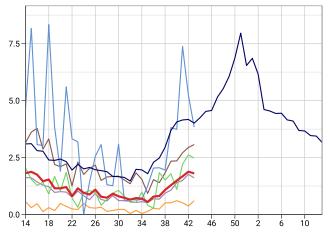




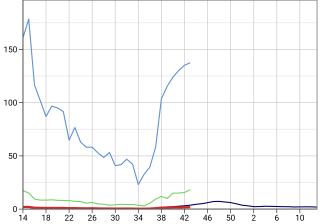
LRTI - Pneumonia Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by age band for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average



LRTI - Acute Bronchitis Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by age band for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average

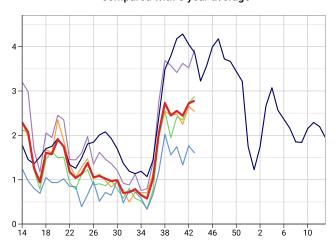


LRTI - Bronchiolitis
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by age band for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average

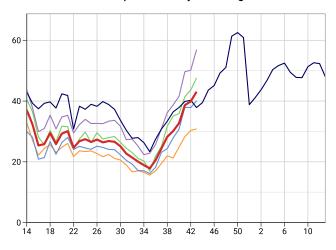


National London South 5 Year Avg North Midlands And East

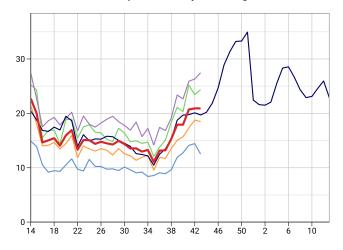
URTI - Croup Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average



URTI - Tonsillitis/Pharyngitis
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26
compared with 5 year average

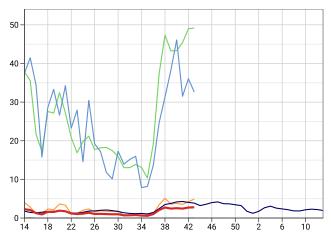


URTI - Otitis Media Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average

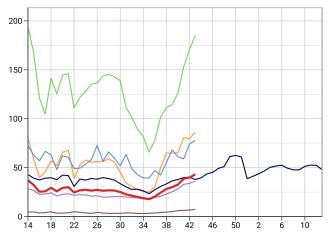




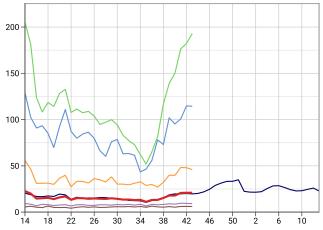
URTI - Croup Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by age band for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average



URTI - Tonsillitis/Pharyngitis
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by age band for
2025/26 compared with 5 year average

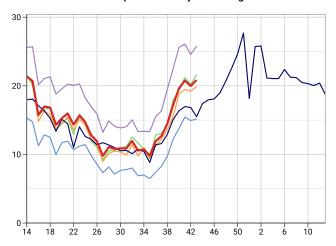


URTI - Otitis Media Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by age band for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average

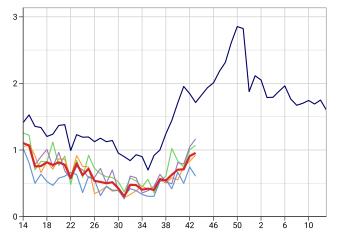


National London South 5 Year Avg North Midlands And East

URTI - Sinusitis Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average

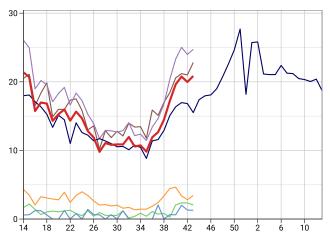


URTI - Laryngitis
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26
compared with 5 year average

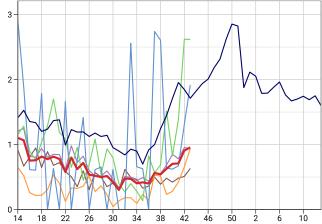




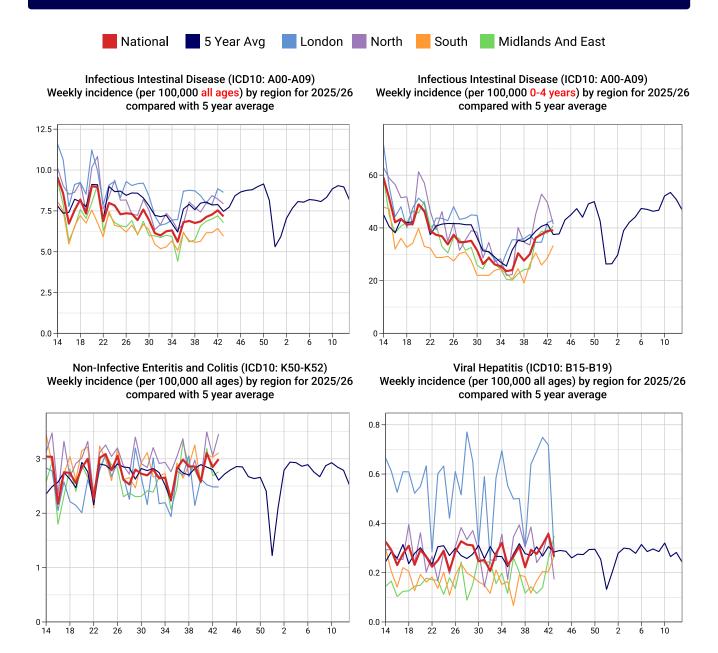
URTI - Sinusitis Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by age band for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average



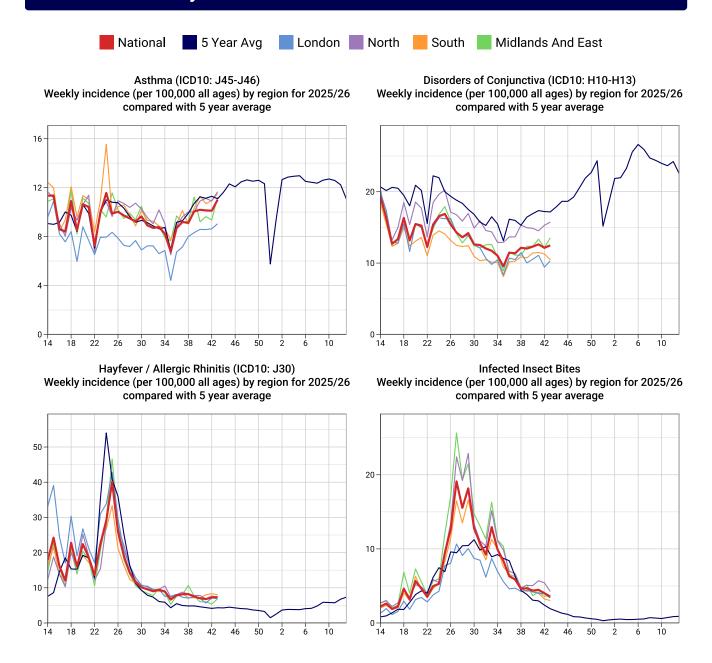
URTI - Laryngitis Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by age band for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average



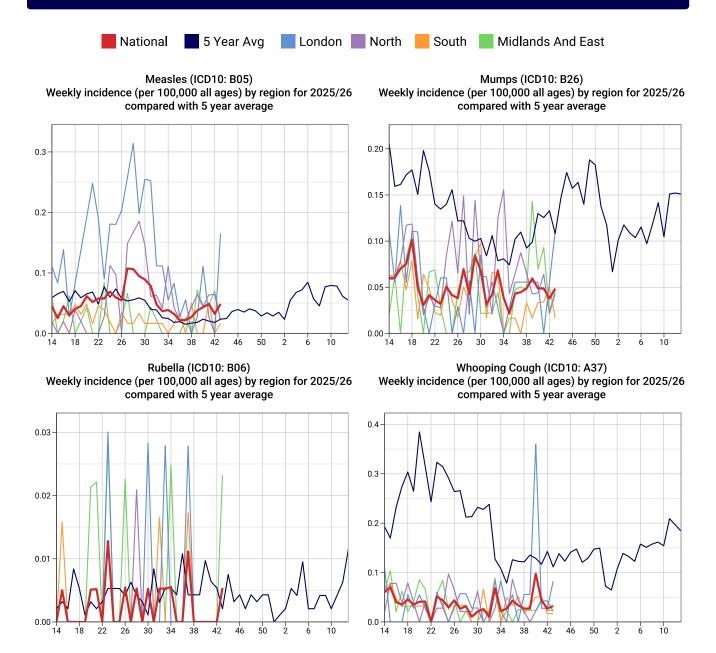
2. Water and Food Borne Disorders



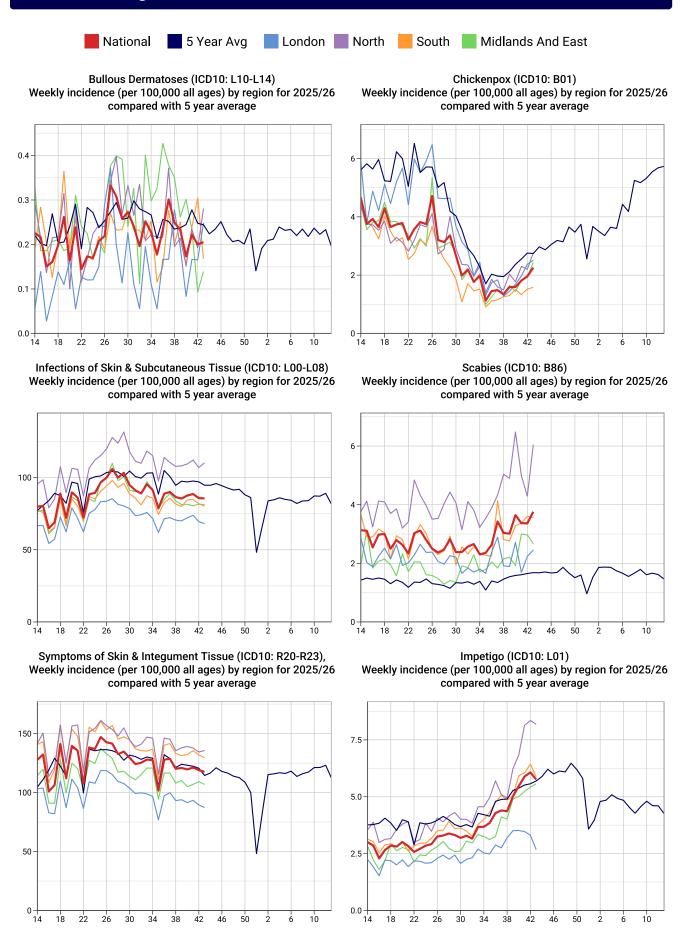
3. Environmentally Sensitive Disorders

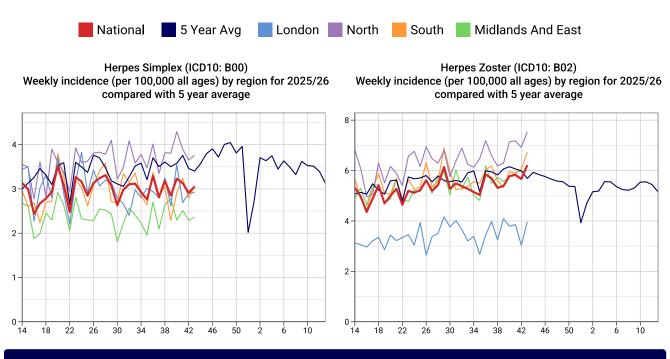


4. Vaccine Sensitive Disorders



5. Skin Contagions

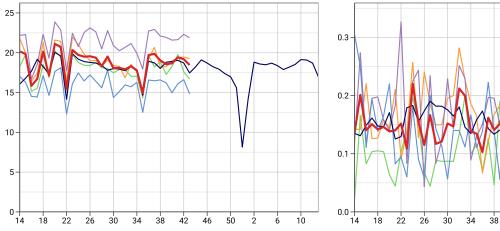




6. Disorders Affecting the Nervous System

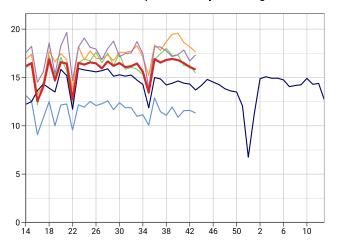
Disorders of Peripheral Nervous System (ICD10: G50-G64,G70-G72), Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average

Meningitis/Encephalitis (ICD10: A170-A171,A390,A38-A85,A87,G00-G05), Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average



42 46

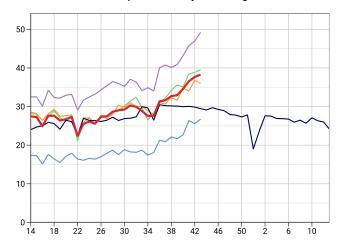
Symptoms of Nervous & Musculoskeletal Systems (ICD10: R25-R29), Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average



7. Genitourinary System Disorders

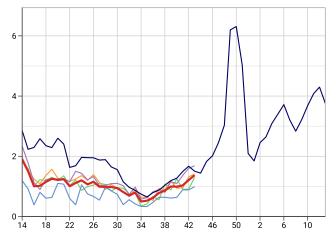


Urinary Tract Infection/Cystitis (ICD10: N30,N390)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26
compared with 5 year average

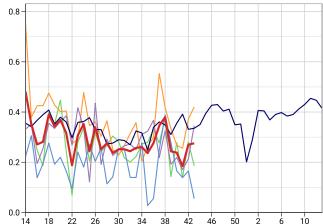


8. Other Disorders

Strep Sore Throat, Scarlatina and Peritonsillar Abscess (ICD10: A38,J020,J36), Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26 compared with 5 year average



Infectious Mononucleosis (ICD10: B27)
Weekly incidence (per 100,000 all ages) by region for 2025/26
compared with 5 year average



9. Tabular Summary by Disease

	Week 40	Week 41	Week 42	Week 43
Dates	29/09/2025 - 05/10/2025	06/10/2025 - 12/10/2025	13/10/2025 - 19/10/2025	20/10/2025 - 26/10/2025
Population	18,463,320	18,464,799	18,500,128	18,512,146
Practice Count	1,760	1,769	1,763	1,776

	Wee	ek 40	Wee	ek 41	Wee	k 42	Wee	ek 43
Disease	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count	Rate	Count
Acute Bronchitis	1.5	275	1.7	310	1.9	348	1.8	335
Acute Respiratory Infections (ARI)	243.9	45,033	258.5	47,737	262.6	48,584	273.8	50,684
Allergic Rhinitis	7.0	1,296	6.8	1,255	7.2	1,339	7.4	1,364
Asthma	10.2	1,881	10.1	1,872	10.1	1,871	11.0	2,037
Bronchiolitis	1.7	317	1.7	307	1.7	322	1.9	353
Bullous Dermatoses	0.2	32	0.2	41	0.2	37	0.2	38
COVID-19	4.3	802	3.9	715	3.2	596	2.3	432
Chickenpox	1.6	294	1.8	335	2.0	362	2.3	418
Conjunctival Disorders	12.3	2,272	12.6	2,330	12.1	2,245	12.5	2,309
Croup	2.6	471	2.4	451	2.7	503	2.8	515
ECLD - COPD exacerbations	7.2	1,336	7.6	1,407	7.9	1,455	8.6	1,584
ECLD - asthma exacerbations	11.6	2,143	12.1	2,237	11.8	2,187	11.2	2,072
Exacerbations of chronic lung disease (ECLD)	18.8	3,470	19.7	3,635	19.7	3,649	19.7	3,654
Herpes Simplex	3.2	597	3.1	578	2.9	539	3.1	565
Herpes Zoster	5.8	1,067	5.8	1,076	5.7	1,048	6.2	1,151
Impetigo	5.5	1,009	5.9	1,087	6.1	1,123	5.8	1,066
Infected Insect Bites	4.4	807	4.5	826	4.0	744	3.6	658
Infectious Intestinal Diseases	7.1	1,316	7.3	1,344	7.5	1,394	7.2	1,326
Infectious Mononucleosis	0.2	44	0.2	34	0.3	50	0.3	51
Influenza-like Illness (ILI)	4.2	772	5.4	1,006	5.6	1,027	6.0	1,116
Laryngitis	0.7	130	0.7	131	0.9	168	1.0	177
Lower respiratory tract infections (LRTI)	76.2	14,075	79.6	14,698	82.3	15,220	87.6	16,215
Measles	0.0	8	0.0	9	0.0	6	0.0	9
Meningitis and Encephalitis	0.2	34	0.1	20	0.2	29	0.2	34
Mumps	0.0	9	0.0	9	0.0	7	0.0	9
Non-infective Enteritis and Colitis	2.6	476	3.1	573	2.8	527	3.0	554
Peripheral Nervous Disease	18.7	3,448	19.4	3,585	19.2	3,551	18.5	3,417
Pneumonia	3.0	555	3.2	585	3.2	596	3.4	621
Rubella	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1
Scabies	3.6	673	3.4	622	3.4	622	3.8	696
Sinusitis	19.6	3,625	20.8	3,834	20.0	3,695	20.8	3,859
Skin and Subcutaneous Tissue Infections	87.5	16,162	88.6	16,358	85.7	15,861	85.6	15,838
Strep Throat and Peritonsillar Abscess	1.0	183	1.0	191	1.2	224	1.4	254
Symptoms involving Skin and Integument Tissues	119.6	22,091	121.2	22,386	119.0	22,021	117.6	21,762
Symptoms involving musculoskeletal	16.8	3,102	16.5	3,044	16.1	2,974	15.8	2,930
Tonsillitis and Pharyngitis	32.7	6,040	38.7	7,137	39.9	7,381	43.1	7,976
Upper respiratory tract infections (URTI)	153.0	28,251	164.0	30,283	168.1	31,099	174.0	32,205
Urinary Tract Infections	34.6	6,380	36.5	6,747	37.7	6,967	38.3	7,090
Viral Hepatitis	0.3	51	0.3	58	0.4	66	0.3	49
Whooping Cough	0.1	18	0.0	8	0.0	5	0.0	6

Further Information

Focus on winter respiratory infections and infections with epidemic or pandemic infection

A key role of the RSC is to monitor conditions that cause winter pressures on the NHS, as well as provide early warnings of outbreaks, epidemics, and pandemics. The RSC has been collecting data on infections since 1957, conducting sentinel surveillance since 1967 (with virology added in 1993), and serosurveillance from 2000.

Pages 2-6 of this report focus on influenza-like illness (ILI), virology data, and acute respiratory infections (ARI). ILI is the name given to clinically identified flu cases, around half of which will be due to the influenza virus (the other half will be due to other viruses).

Measuring the level of circulating influenza

The level of influenza-like illness (ILI) is reported using intensity thresholds (Graph A, page 2 and Table E, page 4). These are calculated using the Moving Epidemic Method (MEM). MEM works by identifying seasonal epidemic peaks and then calculating a baseline threshold and intensity levels based on pre- and post-epidemic rates. This provides a better measure of severity of ILI than simply comparing it to the five-year average rate.

The MEM intensity levels for ILI are defined as follows:

Threshold to Medium Below 40% percentile

Medium to High From 40% to below 90% percentile
High to Very High From 90% to below 97.5% percentile

Above Very High At or above 97.5% percentile

The MEM methodology is used by the UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA) and by the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC) to standardise reporting of influenza activity.

More information about MEM can be found at:

https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/22897919/

Rate of monitored conditions

Our monitored conditions are reported as the number of new cases each week per 100,000 population. We refer to this as the 'weekly incidence'. All conditions are shown with males and females combined.

The report's population, also called the denominator, is the registered population of RSC practices who share anonymised data for this report. The denominator varies weekly as patients register and deregister; additionally, a practice's data may not be included if there is an issue with data extraction.

Five-year averages

In addition to weekly incidence rates, we plot a five-year average for most conditions. Previously a ten-year average was used, but this window was shortened to reflect faster changes in seasonal variations and therefore enable a more meaningful comparison to relevant historic trends. COVID-19 pandemic years are excluded from this calculation for some conditions.

Regional rates of monitored conditions

In addition to a national rate, we present regional rates for all monitored conditions for four regions of England. The four RSC regions are aggregated NHS regions:

North NHS North East and Yorkshire, and North West regions

Midlands and East NHS East of England and Midlands regions

South NHS South East and South West regions

London NHS London region

Reporting of acute respiratory infections (ARI) by age band

In addition to regional rates, we report rates by age band for ARI. We display five age bands: those aged under 1 year, 1-4 years, 5-14 years, 15-64 years, and those aged 65 years and over. We subdivide ARI into four categories:

- influenza-like illness (ILI);
- exacerbations of chronic lung disease (ECLD), mainly asthma and chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD);
- lower respiratory tract infections (LRTI), including bronchitis and pneumonia;
- upper respiratory tract infections (URTI), including tonsilitis and sinusitis.

More information about our classification of ARI can be found at:

https://www.eurosurveillance.org/content/10.2807/1560-7917.ES.2024.29.35.2300682

About the RCGP Research and Surveillance Centre (RSC)

What we do

Established in 1957, the Oxford-Royal College of General Practitioners (RCGP) Research and Surveillance Centre (RSC) is an internationally renowned source of information, analysis and interpretation concerning the onset, patterns, prevalence and trends over time of morbidity in primary care. The RSC provides weekly reports about health and disease: the Weekly Returns Service (WRS). The WRS has been produced since 1967, in collaboration with the UK Health Security Agency (UKHSA) and its predecessor bodies. The University of Oxford currently provides the WRS on behalf of RCGP and UKHSA.

The RSC is active in research and surveillance. In addition to the WRS, the RSC contributes data to UKHSA's Syndromic Surveillance system, and supports vaccine effectiveness studies. The role of general practice members of the RSC is set out in an annual commissioning letter.

Further information about the RSC can be found on our website:

www.rcgp.org.uk/representing-you/research-at-rcgp/research-surveillance-centre

Our data extraction process and governance

Data are extracted on behalf of the RSC from practice computerised medical record systems, twice a week by Magentus Data Management, or daily by EMIS-X Analytics (EXA).

Data are pseudonymised as close to source as possible. Data are held on secure servers at the Nuffield Department of Primary Care Health Sciences (NDPCHS) at the University of Oxford. Our systems meet the requirements of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR). Further information about the NHS England approval of the RSC's data security can be found at:

https://www.dsptoolkit.nhs.uk/OrganisationSearch/EE133863-MSD-NDPCHS

What the data is used for

The WRS monitors the number of patients consulting with new episodes of illness classified by diagnosis in England and provides weekly incidence rates per 100,000 population for these new episodes of illness. It is the key primary care element of the national disease monitoring systems run by the UK Health Security Agency.

In addition to the WRS, the data are used for other research studies. Any other uses of the data for research follow ethical approval or agreement from NIHR proportionate review, and where relevant Health Research Authority Confidential Advisory Group advice that further approval is not needed.

Get in touch

For further information about the work of the RSC, or if you would like to be included on our email notification list, please contact:

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